The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

FIRE IN BALTIMORE.

Several Blocks in Ashes.

The Loss Estimated at $500,000.

BALTIMORE July 25.—At a little after ten o'clock to-day, a fire broke out in the planing mill of Josep. Thomas & Co., on the south side of Clay street, between Liberty and Park streets. The flames rapidly spread across Clay street to the block bounded by Howard, Liberty, Saratoga and Clay, consuming nearly the entire block. From Clay street south the fire worked its way back to Lexington, burning all the buildings in Park street. On the west side of Park street, from Lexington to Saratoga, nearly every house has been burned; fully two-thirds of the entire block, bounded by Clay, Park, Saratoga and Howard streets, being consumed. The First English Lutheran Church, on Lexington street, Rev. Dr. Barclay, was entirely consumed.

The streets in the immediate vicinity for a number of blocks adjacent were jammed by thousands of people. Furniture wagons and drays were loading up with and removing furniture. The greatest consternation prevailed, the streets being filled with frantic women, hurrying in every direction, with children, bedding, cradles and various pieces of furniture in their arms.

The burnt district was principally occupied by small shops, several factories, and three-story brick residences. The Central Presbyterian Church (Rev. Dr. Smith, pastor) on the southwest corner of Saratoga and Liberty streets, is completely wrecked, nothing remaining but the walls and towers. With the exception of three dwellings, commencing on the northeast corner, not a building remains in the block on which the church was situated.

Several buildings on Calvert street, north of Saratoga, took fire, among them the Children's Aid Society building on Calvert street, but all were extinguished. On Mulberry street the building of the Maryland Academy of Art has been burned.

The losses are estimated by parties at half a million dollars. The loss falls principally on dwellings. There were about a dozen business places destroyed. Among them are sash and blind factories, dress and cloak establishments, fancy goods, sewing machine stores, cigar, paint and tailor shops, and one saloon and restaurant. Many of the houses on Clay street were frame and two story brick buildings.

BALTIMORE, July 25.—About 10:30 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the extensive four-story brick steam planing mill, sash and door factory owned and occupied by Joseph Thomas & Son, and situated on the south side of Clay street, near Clark. Clay street is a narrow street, beginning at Liberty street, about midway between a parallel with Saratoga street on the north and Lexington street on the south, extending west, intersecting Park and Howard street, and terminating at Eutaw street. Thomas' planing mill was in the shape of the letter L, having a front each on Clay and Park streets.

The fire broke out in the engine room, near the centre of the mill, and in a short time the building was enveloped in flames and the boiler of the engine exploded. In the meantime a fire alarm was sounded and the steamers were soon on the ground. A stiff breeze from the southwest was blowing, and the flames soon communicated with the adjoining buildings on each side on Clay and Park streets.

A General Alarm

was sounded, calling out the entire fire department. The fierceness and heat of the conflagration increased, and the breeze fed the flames which leaped across Clay street to the north side, and soon each side of Clay street east to Park street was on fire. The flames shot high above the burning buildings and dense volumes of suffocating smoke were borne northeastwards, shooting in every direction blazing cinders, which fell on dry, parching roofs. In a short time Park street on each side, from Lexington street on the south across Clay street to Saratoga street on the north, was a sheet of fire, nearly every building being in flames. The heat was so intense that all the firemen were driven from the street. The four blocks bounded by Liberty street on the east, Saratoga on the north, Howard on the west and Lexington on the south, and intersected by Park and Clay streets, were each ablaze, and several fine buildings on Mulberry street had taken fire from burning brands hurled by the wind.

A General Conflagration Imminent.

About 11 A. M. a general conflagration seemed imminent, and the fire department at Washington was telegraphed to for assistance. The greatest consternation prevailed. The roofs of buildings as far off as Calvert street became ignited, as did the roofs of the Cathedral and of St. Alphonso's Catholic Church, on the corner of Park and Washington streets. In all directions women and children were fleeing from their burning houses, and for blocks around every article of furniture was thrown or removed pell-mell and thrown from windows. The streets were impassable from blocking by furniture wagons and every kind of vehicle that could be brought into requisition. While the fire was raging the entire fire department was nobly at work, battling against its progress, assisted by an army of citizens, who crowded the roofs of buildings on every side and many blocks off, quenching the falling blazing brands with buckets of water, and preventing ignition by spreading wet blankets. Tae dome of the cathedral was covered with blankets, and thus saved, as also St. Alphonso's church. The firemen, driven from Park street, between Lexington and Saratoga, by the intense heat, abandoned this section to its fate and directed their main efforts to preventing the spread of fire beyond the four blocks named.

Shortly after one o'clock P. M. two engines arrived from Washington and rendered valuable assistance. The fire raged till 3 P. M., but by four o'clock was completely under control.

In estimating the total loss there is a wide difference of opinion, some placing it as high as $800,000, but experienced insurance men to-night think that between $500,000 and $600,000 will cover all the losses.

No loss of life attended the fire from burning or falling walls. It is reported that a woman fell dead in the street, overcome by excitement and alarm. About one hundred houses were destroyed, and about sixty families rendered homeless.

ST. LOUIS.

Convention of Railway Men.

ST. LOUIS, July 25.—An adjourned meeting of Railroad Managers, Superintendents, Ticket and Passenger Agents, to consider the commissions, free passes, etc., was held here yesterday. After considerable discussion resolutions were adopted declaring that tickets and passes shall be issued after August 1st, except to officers, agents, and employes of the roads. Twenty-one roads were represented, two-thirds of which are west of the Mississippi river.

State Temperance Convention.

The State Temperance Convention met in Jefferson City on Wednesday and adopted a report pledging co-operation to secure for Missouri a civil damages liquor law, and organized a State Temperance Alliance.

The Iowa Railroad Robbers.

The police of this city, from the facts which have come to their knowledge, believe that the robbers of the Iowa railroad train are the same gang that robbed the bank in St. Genevieve, Missouri, in last May, the Russellville, Ky., bank two years ago, the Gallatin bank, this State, and committed several other bold robberies. Their rendezvous is said to be Jackson county, Mo., and that their homes are scattered around in that and Clay, Lafayette and Ray counties. Some of their names are Jesse James, Frank James, Bill Shepherd, Cale Younger and McCoy. Their families are said to cultivate small farms in the counties named, and their houses are surrounded by those of relatives and friends, who would not themselves commit a crime, but would shield these desperadoes to the last.

SPORTING NEWS.

The Turf.

CAMBRIDGE CITY, IND., July 25.—There was a small attendance at the races to-day. The track and weather were fine. In the green race, Gus Glidden won in three straight heats; time, 2:47, 2:43 and 2:47, Dan Brown second.

The green trot was won by Glidden's grey mare in three straight heats, Dan Brown second, Shawhan third, Loder fourth and Williams fifth; time, 2:53, 2:53 and 2:54.

The four year old trot was won by C. C. Loder in three straight heats, Wilson second, and Shawhan third; time 3:01¼, 2:56 and 2:56.

Hooker Tom and Jas. Wilson's grey mare have a match pace to-morrow. There will also be a three minute trot.

CHICAGO.

Railways Reducing their Freight Tariff.

CHICAGO, July 25.—The *Times* this morning states that the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company has promulgated a new freight tariff, which averages nearly twenty per cent. less than the present tariff, which was issued since the passage of the new railroad law. It also states that the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road has decided to make a material reduction in freight tariff on grain.

Murderer Arrested.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., July 25.—Nelson Wade, brakeman on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, was arrested here last night, for the murder of Mrs. McBride and the attempted murder of her husband, on Tuesday last. Nine thousand dollars in gold was found on his person. He confesses the crime.

Marine News.

CARDIFF, July 25.—The steamship Pem roke, from New York, has arrived.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER
WASHINGTON, D. C., 1 A. M., July 26, 1873.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

The barometer has fallen since Thursday night very generally at all stations east of the Mississippi, except on the immediate Atlantic coast. The pressure is lowest over the lower lakes, and the temperature has risen slightly over the Middle and Eastern States, and also over the Ohio valley, where, however, it has again fallen rapidly. Southeast and southwest winds have continued over the South Atlantic and Gulf States, with local rains on the Gulf coasts, but now generally followed by clear weather throughout those sections. Southwest winds and clear weather prevail in the Middle Atlantic States; westerly winds and partly cloudy weather in New England; variable winds with rain over the lower lakes; northwesterly winds and clear or clearing weather over the upper lakes and northwest.

Probabilities for To-day.

On Saturday for the Gulf States, rising barometer, southwest to northwest winds and generally clear weather, with rains on the immediate coasts.

For the South Atlantic States, southeasterly winds and partly cloudy weather, with local rains.

For the Middle Atlantic States, westerly winds and clear weather.

For New York and New England, southwesterly winds, partly cloudy weather and numerous local storms.

For the lower lakes, southwest wind, veering to northwest, with clearing weather.

For the Ohio Valley, northwesterly winds and clear weather.

For the upper lake region, rising barometer, northwesterly winds, partly cloudy or clear weather.

Midnight telegraphic reports are missing from most of the stations in the upper lake region, the Mississippi valley, and westward to the Pacific coast.

Midnight Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY.
Division of Telegrams and Reports for the benefit of Commerce and Agriculture.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD, July 25, 1873, 10:48 P. M.

Place of Observation.	Barom.	Thermom.	Humidity	Wind.	Velocity.	Force.	Rain, fall in 24 hours	Weather.
Cairo	29.91	78	78	S		Light	—	Fair
Chicago	29.93	71	71	E		Light	—	Fair
Cincinnati	29.90	83	59	NW		Fresh	—	Clear
Davenport	29.96	74	90	NW		Light	—	Clear
Galveston	30.04	78	72	S		Fresh	—	Clear
Indianapolis	29.84	77	74	NW		Brisk	—	Lt'ning
Leavenworth	29.94	76	87	N		Light	—	Cloudy
Louisville	29.90	78	70	S		Fresh	—	Clear
Memphis	29.89	79	77	SW		Light	—	Clear
Nashville	29.87	78	81			Gentle	—	Clear
New Orleans	29.91	82	84	S		Gentle	—	Clear
Omaha	29.94	72	89	NW		Fresh	—	Fair
Pittsburgh	29.92	76	59	NW		Fresh	—	Clear
Shreveport	30.00	73	90	SE		Fresh	—	Clear
St. Louis	29.90	82	60	NW		Fresh	—	Fair
St. Paul	29.99	68	65	NW		Fresh	—	Clear
Keokuk	29.97	76	94	NW		Light	—	Fair
Fort Gibson	30.01	76	94	S		Light	—	Lt'ning
Cheyenne	30.3	56	81	SW		Light	—	Clear
Corpus Christi	30.11	82	74	S		Light	—	Clear
Yankton	30.11	67	74	NW		Fresh	—	Clear
La Crosse	29.96	69	61	NE		Gentle	—	Fair
Detroit	30.11	74	74	S		Light	15	Lt'ning
Toledo	29.88	78	75			Calm	—	Fair
Milwaukee	29.79	64	94	S		Fresh	01	Clear
Denver	30.27	60	76	S		Fresh	10	Clear
San Francisco	29.99	57	81	NW		Gentle	—	Fair

THE RIVERS.

OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. A.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., July 25, 1873.

Daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the 24 hours ending 5 P. M., July 25, 1873:

Stations.	Above low water mark.	Change in 24 hours	Direction of Wind.	State of Weather.
	ft. in.	ft. in.		
Cairo	20 11	-0 2	SW	Fair
Cincinnati	3 1	-1 3	SW	Fair
Davenport	6	-0 3	NW	Fair
Fort Benton	3 4	-0 3	W	Fair
Keokuk	6	-0 3	NW	Cloudy
Leavenworth	7 5	-0 4	N	Fair
Lacrosse	3 10		NW	Fair
LaCrosse	8		N	Fair
Memphis	17 1	-0 8	SW	Fair
Nashville	2 4		SE	Cloudy
New Orleans	5 4	-0 2	SE	Fair
Omaha	10	-4	NW	Cloudy
Pittsburgh	3 1	-0 5	SW	Clear
Shreveport	14	-0 3	S	Fair
St. Louis	19 4	-0 2	SW	Fair
St. Paul	5 3	-0 1	NW	Fair
Vicksburg	26 11	-0 4	SW	Fair

JAS. B. MURRAY,
Observer Signal Service, U. S. A.

MEMPHIS, July 25. Clear and warm. River falling steadily. Arrived Cornelia, Cincinnati. Departed, last night—Capital City, Vicksburg; Lady Lee, St. Louis; this evening, Colorado, St. Louis.

CAIRO, June 25.—Arrived—Painter, Memphis, 1 P. M.; Julia, St. Louis, 1; Arkansas Belle, Evansville, 4; Keystone, Memphis, 5. Departed—Bismarck, New Orleans, 1 P. M; Painter, 1; Shotwells, 1; Julia, Vicksburgh, 5; Keystone, Ohio river, 5; Crescent City, South, 5; Arkansas Belle, Evansville, 6. River fallen four inches. Clear; mercury 83.

ST. LOUIS, July 25.—Arrived—Minneapolis, St. Paul; Johnson, Keokuk; Glenco, New Orleans; Gen. Anderson, Tennessee river; Sam. Roberts, Cairo; City of Helena, Vicksburg. Departed—Andy Johnson, Keokuk; Red Wing, St. Paul; Belle Memphis, Memphis. River falling. Clear and very warm during the day; indications of a storm to-night.

EVANSVILLE, July 95.—Clear and hot; mercury, 76 to 92°. River has risen two inches Fort list, no. Fayette and Gen. Roberts, 9 A. M.; Quickstep, 1 P. M.; Mary Houston, 1:30. Down—Ament, 1:30 P. M.; Charmer, 2; Rose Hite, 2:30; generally with good trips. Business improving

SHREVEPORT, July 25.—Arrived on Monday—John J. Meer, New Orleans. For departures. Arrived on Tuesday—C. H. Durfee, Jefferson. Departed—C. H. Durfee, New Orleans. The river fell twelve inches in forty-eight hours.

LITTLE ROCK, July 25.—Clear and warm; thermometer 88. The river continues to fall; 30 inches by the gauge. Departed—Fort Gibson, Memphis.

CINCINNATI, July 25.—River 13 feet; falling. Arrived—James D. Barker, Memphis. Departed—Andes, Wheeling, Phil. Sheridan, St. Louis. Clear and hot.

NASHVILLE, July 25.—River falling, 6 feet 6 inches in canal, 4 feet 6 inches in pass down Indian Chute. Arrived—Mollie Ebert, Pittsburgh. Departed—Mollie Ebert, St. Louis.

NEW ORLEANS, July 25.—No arrivals. Departed—Nick Longworth. Cincinnati. Rainy; thermometer 83.

NASHVILLE, July 25.—Arrived—Ella Hughes, Cairo. River on a stand, 29 inches on shoals. Cloudy and pleasant.

VICKSBURG, July 25.—Down—Katie. No boats up. Clear and warm. River falling.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Unusual heat continues in London.

—Upon taking his departure from Europe for home, the Shah of Persia will embark at Brindisi.

—Reports are in circulation in St. Louis that Thomas Scott is to be President of the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad.

—Patrick Doley, a laborer, was run over and killed by a train on the Cairo & Fulton Railroad, near Malvern, yesterday.

—Capt. Ames Breed, representing the lightning rod works at Indianapolis, died very suddenly in Little Rock, Ark., on Friday.

—The laying of the fourth cable between Sydney, Cape Breton, and Placentia, Newfoundland, has been successfully completed.

—Jack Ferguson, colored, was run over and killed by the night train on the Memphis Railroad, near Lonaka, last Thursday night.

—A convention of Wisconsin grangers is called at Milwaukee on the 21st of August. Three delegates from each grange will be in attendance.

—The Panama *Star* says the filibustering expedition which landed in Honduras from the steamer General Sherman seems to have been a failure.

—The Cincinnati Board of Aldermen has passed an ordinance regulating the storing of petroleum, requiring it to be stored in isolated buildings and under ground.

—In a drunken fight in Russell county, Ky., in which several men were engaged, Geo. H. Harris was fatally stabbed by James Rayburn. The parties were all arrested.

—Three women against whom charges have been brought in Philadelphia of fortune telling, keeping for sale drugs to be used for illicit purposes, &c., had a hearing yesterday and were held in $7,000 bail each for trial.

—The legal complications which have been the cause of the suspension of work upon the Kansas City, Memphis and Mobile Railroad, having been settled, work will be resumed on Monday and be pushed forward rapidly.

—At the mouth of Bingham canon, Utah, yesterday, a ranchero, named Cotton, and two sons were killed by another ranchero, named Butcher, with a rifle. The remains were carried home by the widow and daughter in a lumber wagon.

—An eighty thousand dollar interest in the St. Louis *Daily Times* was sold by C. C. Rainwater, administrator of the estate of the late Major H. Ewing, principal owner of that paper, to Geo. B. Clark, Missouri State Treasurer, and Charles A. Mariz, St. Louis County Collector.

—On Tuesday next the curtain rises at Cleveland on the first of the four great trotting meetings of the year. The horses entered at Cleveland are said to be the finest aggregation of trotting and running stock ever known in the history of the turf in this country, and there is every assurance of a large gathering on this occasion.

—A convention of Patrons of Husbandry of Dodge county, Wisconsin, was held at Beaver Dam on Thursday, and adopted a resolution calling upon their brethern throughout the State to meet in a State convention at Milwaukee on Thursday, August 21, for consultation and such action as may be deemed best for the interests of the order and of the State.

—A special dispatch from Brandenburg, Ky., gives an account of a fatal shooting affray in that place yesterday afternoon. Two men from Harrison county, Indiana, crossed the Ohio river and became involved in a quarrel, when one, named Richards, drew a pistol and shot the other, named McCarty, three times, the last time being fatal.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

FOREIGN.

Progress of the Spanish Revolution.

Reserves Called into Active Service.

General Contreras Marching on Madrid.

The Bill Suppressing the Spanish Admirality Passed.

The Treaty Between Russia and Khiva Signed.

SPAIN.

The Bill Suppressing the Admiralty Passed.

MADRID, July 25.—The Cortes has passed the bill suppressing the Admiralty.

Reserves Called into Active Service.

President Salmeron has issued a proclamation calling eighty thousand men of reserves into active service against the insurrectionists.

Gen D'Armerie Returning to their Allegiance.

BARCELONA, July 25.—The Gen D'Amerie of this city, which left to join the Carlists, reconsidered their determination, and returned to their allegiance to the Republic amid the enthusiasm of the populace. Only their Colonel and his son went over to the insurgents.

General Contreras Marching on Madrid.

MADRID, July 25.—It is reported that General Contreras, the leader of the forces at Cartagena, is marching on this city with 6,000 men, having left a force equally strong at Carthagena. It is also said that he has sent the frigate Almanza to Malaga and the steamer Feri Puando El Catollco to Tarteverlja, with instructions to the commanders to levy contributions upon the inhabitants.

An Official Fleeing.

The President of the Committee of Public Safety in Malaga has fled from the city.

Seizure of German Ships Threatened.

MADRID, July 25.—Contreras, commanding the rebels in Carthagena, threatens to seize all the German ships now lying in the harbor at that port, unless the Vigilante, captured by a German man-of-war, is restored to the insurgents.

There is a rumor, which needs confirmation, that the German Consul at Carthagena has been arrested by the insurgents and is detained as a hostage.

The Crew of the Vigilante Liberated.

The Germans have liberated the crew of the Vigilante, for fear the German consul and his family at Carthagena would be shot. The insurgents have promised to delay seizure of the German vessel in port three days, so that their commanders may have time to telegraph for and receive instructions from Berlin.

Circular by Contreras.

MADRID, July 25.—Contreras, assuming the title of President and commander of the land and sea forces of the canton of Murcia, has addressed a circular memorandum to foreign powers.

RUSSIA.

The Treaty with Khiva.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 25.—The Government has received a dispatch from General Kauffmann, announcing that a treaty between Russia and Khiva has been signed. The Kahn promises to pay Russia two millions roubles and to abolish capital punishment in his dominions. In return for this Russia guarantees the independence of the Khanate. The Czar's troops will occupy Khiva until the war indemnity is paid. A portion of the Khanate is to be given to Bakhara for assistance rendered to the Russian troops.

Expedition Against the Turcoman Tribes.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 25. — General Von Kauffmann has been ordered to undertake the expedition against the Turcoman tribes.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Tichborne Claimant Soliciting Aid.

LONDON, July 25.—William H. Whalley, member of Parliament for Peterborough, a prominent friend of the Tichborne claimant, will soon proceed to the United States for the purpose of soliciting subscriptions to enable the claimant to defray the expenses incurred in his trial.

GERMANY.

Beer Rioters Sentenced.

FRANKFORT, July 25.—Fifty of the persons who participated in the beer riots in this city several months ago, have been convicted and sent to prison for terms ranging from nine months to four years.

BELGIUM.

Explosion in a Coal Mine.

BRUSSELS, July 25.—A telegram from Mons says an explosion of fire damp occurred to-day in a coal mine at Frammeries. Five miners were killed and several injured.

FRANCE.

Personal.

PARIS, July 25.—M. Maximilian Lattie is dangerously ill.

THE CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, July 25, 1873.

Political Privileges in Cuba.

Information from Madrid by telegraph has just been received in diplomatic circles. It is that the Cortes by a large majority resolved not to confer further political privileges on Cuba until the insurgents shall lay down their arms.

Opposition to the Mississippi Bridge.

The opposition of a portion of the steamboat interest here to the bridge now being built across the river at this point created a great deal of surprise, as the bridge is being constructed in accordance with the law, and in some particulars even more favorable to the boating interest than the law requires. For example, the law requires the spans to be fifty feet in the clear above the city directrix. The main arch, when finished, will be fifty-six feet in the clear, and the other arches fifty-one feet, which Capt. Eads, the chief engineer, says will allow the largest boats on the river to pass under the bridge with their smoke stacks down at the ordinary stage of water, with several feet to spare. Steamboatmen say they thought the bridge would be at a level with, instead of arched, but as the plans of the bridge have been on exhibition five years, it is thought strange that opposition should spring up at this late day, and when its construction is so near completion.

The Cigar Manufacturers.

A delegation of cigar manufacturers visited the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to-day to protest against the adoption of a patent cigar box. Mr. Straighton, Secretary of the National Tobacco Association, suggested the abolition of the cigar manufacturer's bond of $500, on the ground that many honest but poor manufacturers could not furnish the bond, and the Commissioner requested that further explanation of the subject be submitted to him in writing for his future action. The Commissioner listened to the arguments of the delegation and promised to endeavor to do justice to all parties.

Supplying Small Offices With Postal Cards.

The Postoffice Department to-day commenced supplying the small offices throughout the country with postal cards.

POLITICAL.

Meeting of Anti-Butler Republicans.

BOSTON, July 25.—Pursuant to a call, a meeting of members of the Republican party opposed to the nomination of General Butler for Governor was held here to-day. The hall was comfortably filled with Republicans from all parts of the State. Among those present were H. L. Dawes, E. R. Hoar, G. T. Hoar, Speaker Sanford, H. H. Coolidge, ex-Speaker Jewell, Adam Thayer and Jno. Fairbanks. The meeting was called to order by Judge Hoar, who denounced in unqualified terms the salary-grab, and pronounced himself as willing to do all in his power to prevent the State from being carried for the author of that measure. H. H. Coolidge presided. An executive committee was appointed to consider what measures are necessary to perpetuate the integrity of the Republican party and to promote the welfare of the State.

A meeting of the Executive Committee was then held, and a committee of three appointed to draw up an address to the people of the State, to be reported at an adjourned meeting of the committee.

The Ohio Governorship.

CINCINNATI, July 25.—General Brinkerhoff, with Mr. Cunningham, of Allen county, has been here to-day, conferring with leading men with reference to the Convention on July 30 at Columbus. They visited Hon. M. G. Groesbeck, who positively declined the candidacy for Governor.

THE CHOLERA.

Wheeling.

WHEELING, July 25.—William Wilson, of the firm of Wilson, Dunlevy & Co., boat builders in this city, died last evening of cholera. To-day Mrs. Wilson died of the same disease. Two of the cases in the city are expected to prove fatal.

NEW YORK.

Destructive Forest Fire on Long Island—A Settlement Swept Out of Existence—Two Boys Killed—Witnesses in Stokes' Case Held in the House of Detention—Comparative Cotton Statement—Alleged Smugglers Arrested—A Prize Sensation.

NEW YORK, July 25, 1873.

Alleged Smugglers Arrested.

Francis Gustav Colbey, natural son of the late King of Sweden and half brother of the present King, was held to-day, with one Frederick Plate, to answer a charge of smuggling kid gloves into this port.

Comparative Cotton Statement.

Net receipts from all the United States ports during the week, 12,572; last year, 3,966; total receipts to date, 3,539,015; last year, 2,696,702; exports for the week, 14,589; last year, 4,798; total exports to date, 2,454,596; last year, 1,894,930; stock at all United States ports, 182,323; last year, 115,865; stock in all interior towns, 26,414; last year, 9,346; stock in Liverpool, 899,000; last year, 969,000; stock of American afloat for Great Britain, 66,000; last year, 34,000.

A Boston Sensation.

The *Commercial* says: A morning paper publishes a Boston sensation relative to the failure of H. J. Kimball, and containing a list of his creditors. The failure referred to occurred about two years ago. In the list the house of Henry Clews & Co. is stated to be a creditor for a million dollars. This is an error, as the amount involved is only about $100,000, and this is secured by abundant collateral. The Pittsburgh Locomotive Works, mentioned in the same article, is also amply secured.

Forest Fire on Long Island.

The forest fire on Long Island burned a tract about a mile in width, from Lakeland to Patchogue, which was stayed. A large number of farms and dwellings were destroyed. A small settlement near Patchogue, called Edenville, was literally swept out of existence, every house in it being destroyed, and one building in the outskirts of Patchogue was also burned. The loss is not ascertained.

The Witnesses in Stokes' Case.

Judge Pratt, sitting in the Supreme Court chambers, to-day granted writs of habeas corpus, returnable to-morrow, for the production of the two Hart boys and Mrs. Redmond, witnesses in the case now confined in the House of Detention. He intends to apply for their discharge, and thus test the question as to whether witnesses can be detained in custody after the first trial.

Two Boys Killed.

Last night Daniel O'Hara, aged nine, was struck and instantly killed on the Port Morris Branch Railroad near Melrose station, by the backing of some cars while he was on the track in their charge. And this morning, while Thomas Tierney, aged six, was examining the blood-stained bumper which caused the death of O'Hara, he was instantly killed by a train of freight cars, which crushed him against the coal car.

The Brooklyn Trust Company.

No list of depositors in the Brooklyn Trust Company has yet been published, and probably none will be at present. It is said that Fly mouth church had a large balance there a few weeks since, which, however, was reduced to $17,000, that amount being there to the church's credit still.

Parade of Armed Organizations.

The Police Commissioners gave notice to-day that in the future no armed organizations of the regular militia had a large balance there a few weeks since, which, however, was reduced to $17,000, that amount being there to the church's credit still.

Parade of Armed Organizations.

The Police Commissioners gave notice to-day that in the future no armed organizations of the regular militia will be allowed to parade at Lion Park the other evening will be permitted to parade without special permission.

Personal.

Ex-United States Ministers Blair, Biddle and Baxter, respectively to Costa Rica, Salvador and Honduras, and Consul Thomas Ingham, from Aspinwall, came as passengers on the Rising Star.

Military Fete.

The Garde Lafayette, or Fifty-fifth Regiment State Militia, will hold a fete on the 5th of September, the date of the evacuation of French territory by the Germans.

The Washington Market.

The remaining sheds about the Washington Market will be demolished to-morrow.

FORT GARRY.

The Gordon Case—A Manitoba Custom House Officer Interviewed—The Boundary Line—Opinions of the Press.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 25.—It seems now to be generally conceded by the parties on both sides of the boundary that the recapture of Gordon was effected on American soil. The *Tribune* has a letter from its Pembina correspondent. He had an interview with Bradly, the Custom House officer who released Gordon and arrested the Americans, as follows:

Reporter.—Will you please state, Mr. Bradly, the exact point at which you made the arrest?

Mr. B.—At the corner of a fence over there.

Reporter—Is not that point south of the line recently located as the new boundary?

Mr. B.—Yes, about one hundred and ten yards.

The correspondent further says that by the treaty with England the boundary line between the United States and the British Possessions was declared to be the forty-ninth parallel of north latitude. That point being admitted, it only remained to locate that line. No regularly recoguized survey ever having been made, the proper authorities of the two Governments appointed commissioners to jointly examine and adjust the line, and said location was to be the boundary line. It is positively stated on good authority that no further proceedings in the case were necessary, that the two nations ratified the survey before made, and that the instant stakes were set under the direction of the commissioners all south of such stakes and line became American territory. If such prove to be the facts in the case, then the arrest of Hoy and Keegan was simply a case of kidnapping, for which the officers of the British Government are personally amenable. If the capture of Gordon was in violation of law, international or local, so was the capture of the Americans, who made the arrest. The Custom House stands upon American soil, and the Government of Canada was permitted to occupy it for the collection of customs alone through the courtesy of the Government of Washington, and by no stipulation or special arrangement were they allowed to use it for other purposes.

The *Tribune's* special from Fort Garry today says: "There has been a great change in the sentiment of the people here in the last few days. With the exception of the lick-spittle crowd that worships his Majesty, Attorney General Clarke, no man can be found who does not openly sympathise with the prisoners."

The *Winnipeg Free Press*, which echoes public opinion, in an editorial to-morrow morning, speaking of the outrageous, insulting bulletin published yesterday, and already telegraphed, will say: "It is the grossest and most cowardly and despicable piece of intimidation. With has ever come under our observation, it being no more or less than a barefaced and atrocious attempt at an intimidation of the Court into non-acceptance of bail. It should be made distinctly patent to the higher view. Are Canadians to be led by the nose, to be set on like a pack of dogs at anything that turns up, merely to gratify what may be the personal revenge of a man or men disappointed in their endeavors to levy blackmail? Are they to be made the tools of a clique, in order, peradventure, to line somebody's breeches pocket with an increased sum of money in the shape of a lawyer's fee? If we understand the feelings of the Canadians, they will resent the insult thus put upon them. The sympathy of Canadians is certainly not in accordance with the spirit of that fly sheet."

It is now understood that no decision of the bail question will be rendered to-morrow, on account of the sickness of Judge McKenzie.

UTAH.

The Cotton Murder.

SALT LAKE, July 25.—Mr. Butcher who killed Cotton and his two sons admitted yesterday that the youngest son was shot five times with a revolver, and once with a shot gun loaded with buckshot. The eldest son was shot five times and cut in several places with a knife. There are a number of stories about the affair. The general belief is that the Cottons were the assailants. The people seem to justify Butcher.

A Murderer Hanged.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 25.—Chas. A. Russell, for the murder of James Crotly, was executed at 2:20 this afternoon. The time set by the Sheriff was one P. M., but it was postponed, hoping to hear from Governor Booth at Donner Lake, but he could not be reached. Russell made no statement. He was self-possessed, and died without a violent struggle.

—A dastardly attempt was made to throw the eastward mail train on the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad from the track last Thursday night at a point near North Vernon station, at the junction of the Jeffersonville Railroad. The engineer discovered a pile of burning rails on the track in time to stop the train, when a man, concealed behind a fence, fired several shots into the train, and then fled. Henry Farmer, the conductor, and passengers gave chase and soon overtook the fugitive, who proved to be one A. P. Dougherty, a farmer living near by. Dougherty claims that sparks from a freight train had set fire to his fences, and he had taken this means of revenge.

—At Decorah, Iowa, on Thursday, Ida Marlowe, a girl of fifteen, was arrested and held to bail on a charge of having twice attempted to poison her father, P. C. Marlowe, by putting strychnine in his bread. She admits the truth of the charges, but asserts that she was driven to it in defence of her honor, her father having repeatedly and persistently attempted her ruin since the death of her mother, a few years ago. Her story finds credence with many, and the bail was promptly furnished.

—Jules Green Rood, stock broker, a young man well-known in San Francisco, committed suicide Thursday night at the office of the New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., shooting himself through the head with a pistol. Disappointment in love and losses in mining stock are supposed to be the cause.

BREVITIES.

····The next semi-annual encampment of the G. A. R. will be held at Lancaster.

····A grand picnic for a truly charitable purpose will be given at Friendship Grove on Tuesday next.

····About the fourteenth of next month the Red Stockings of Boston are expected to play the Enterprise Base Ball Club of this city.

····The hearing in the case of Tony Snyder, charged with felonious assault and battery on Robert Reed, has been postponed until Monday.

····Yesterday at noon Mrs. Catharine Irwin, wife of John M. Irwin, furniture dealer, died at her residence, No. 40 Grant street, after a long illness.

····The City Treasurer gives notice that five per cent. discount will be allowed on all taxes paid before August 1st, and ten per cent. added after that date.

····The saloon of John Tier, corner of Fulton street and Centre avenue, was feloniously entered on Thursday night and $200 in money stolen. The thieves escaped.

····It is said that on Monday the miners, some two hundred in number, employed at the Bell Coal Works, on the Pan Handle Railroad, will resume work at the old prices.

····The residence of Mrs. Morris, on Larimer avenue, was entered by burglars on Wednesday night, when a pistol and some jewelry were carried off. The thieves escaped.

····The Market Committee of Allegheny Councils met last evening and approved bills amounting to $168, and ordered some repairs to be made to the Second ward weigh scales.

····In another column will be found the notice of City Assessor Phelps, calling attention to the fact that he is prepared to issue exonerations for appeals allowed in certain wards.

····The residence of Mr. L. F. Greeves, Principal of the Lincoln School, in East Liberty, was entered by burglars on Wednesday night, but nothing of value taken. The family are absent.

····Yesterday morning about four oclock room No. 30 at the Monongahela House, occupied by James Worrell, of Harrisburg, was entered and robbed of forty dollars in money and a watch valued at $125.

····Dr. Le Moyne made an information before the Mayor yesterday charging Mrs. M. J. Wilson with keeping a bawdy house at 164 Fourth avenue. The accused was arrested, waived a hearing, and gave bail for court.

····The grocery store of T. G. Jacobs, on Ohio street, near Madison avenue, was slightly damaged by fire last evening by sparks from the chimney striking the roof. The "General Grant" engine boys extinguished it without an alarm.

····Teddy Lowe, the celebrated English wrestler, and Michael Tierney, of Birmingham, have arranged for a wrestling match for five hundred dollars. The contest will take place at Friendship Driving Park a week from next Monday.

····Arrangements, it is said, are being made to start a new daily Democratic paper in this city. The gentlemen whose names are mentioned in connection with the project are Frank M. Hutchinson, Wm. H. Hecling, Geo. W. Cass, John Moorhead, Wm. E. Schmertz and W. D. Moore.

····The single scull race between Louther and Denmarsh, which takes place at half past two o'clock this afternoon on the lower Monongahela course; is exciting interest in boating circles, and promises to be a interesting contest. The course is three miles and the stakes five hundred dollars per side.

····Last evening about five o'clock, as Mr. George Cochran was driving along Federal, near Locust street, Allegheny, the axle of his wagon broke, which frightened his horse, and he ran away. Mr. Cochran was thrown out and considerably bruised. The horse was shortly afterwards caught by officer Atkinson.

····A thief who is known as "Johnny Schmoker" on Thursday, on the "hill," stole a ring from the finger of a female and ran away. She gave an alarm, and the police followed rapidly in his wake, but he made good his escape by running down the hill, boarding a train on the Connellsville Road and taking "French leave."

····Yesterday in the District Court an action in ejectment was brought by John Cochran and Mary Cochran, his wife, against Julian Morrow, William Alexander, jr., Eliza Alexander, and M. M. Alexander, for three lots located in the Nineteenth ward, near the M. E. Church. The complainants allege that the title to one seventh of the property is vested in said Mary Cochran and not in the defendants.

····The Wyckoff Pavement is just now attracting considerable attention. Our columns for several days past have contained numerous certificates from civil engineers, contractors and parties doing business on streets paved with the Wyckoff, uniformly testifying to its merits over all other wooden pavements. Our readers are referred to additional testimonials in another column on the same subject and to the same effect.

····The Commission for the improvement of Carson street, on the South Side, held a meeting yesterday afternoon in the City Engineers office to open bids for paving. Thirteen bids were received for the different kinds of wooden block, cobble stone and granite block pavements, but the contract was not awarded to any one.

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

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T. P. HOUSTON.....D. L. FLEMING.
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KING, REED & CO.

SATURDAY, JULY 26, 1873.

BONDS at Frankfort 96¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 38½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 115¾.

IT IS reported that the Canadian Parliament will be promptly prorogued to prevent any discussion of the Canadian Credit Mobilier operations. This announcement weakens the faith of those who believed the Ministry would resign. Those honorable gentlemen apparently realize would likely prove rather disagreeable to retire to private life, or even to go before the people for endorsement. As time often brings forgetfulness, they are hopeful that all will be well with them when Parliament again convenes. In the meantime they will retain their office.

THE German troops are likely soon to be out of France, when Marshal MacMahon will be at liberty to develop any program me he may have in mind. Various rumors are current which credit him with decidedly monarchical affiliations. The Carlists claim to have his good will, and it is even intimated that he is positively committed to their interests. The Germans have not been entirely at ease since his accession to the Presidency, but it is evident that he proposes to go quietly forward till the evacuation is completed. If he has any special plans of his own they will then be developed.

WE HAVE those who criticise the smallness of our monthly debt payments, and a short time since the plethoric prosperity of the English Exchequer was compared with the assumed to be poverty stricken condition of ours. It seems, however, that the past three months has told rather hardly on the balance in the English Exchequer, and the London *Times* thinks the next quarter will wipe it out, and compel the Government to borrow in the market for current expenses. Says the *Times:* "When the Chancellor of the Exchequer brought in his budget he poured upon everything a roseate hue, and it was as difficult to contend with a man who had got twelve millions at the bank as with the master of forty legions. The master of forty legions did, however, suffer a defeat, and the balance of twelve millions to which Mr. Lowe appealed in April has already shrunk to seven millions, or, to be exact, his balances are now £7,047,932 instead of £11,992,705. The smaller amount is enough if it can be maintained, but the three months on which we are now entering constitute the least productive quarter of the year, and, in addition to the supply services, there is an unsatisfied balance exceeding eight millions to be paid out of the Consolidated Fund between this and the 1st of October; and, moreover, the Alabama indemnity of £3,200,000. It seems to be not at all improbable that before September is over the Chancellor of the Exchequer will be a borrower at the bank, and it need not be added that August and September are *the very worst months in which he can appear as a competitor in the money market.* The balances will, no doubt, be ample enough next April, but what may happen between this and then, or what may be the prospects of the coming year which the Chancellor of the Exchequer may then have to unfold? The probabilities of the future are not such as to encourage dogmatism on the part of any one, but there is no danger in saying that the history of the twelve-month will assuredly demonstrate once more the wastefulness and imprudence of *a system which chokes the Treasury with money at one period of the year and leaves it bare and empty at another.*"

THE BALTIMORE FIRE.

It seems impossible to avoid the occasional development of the power of fire to overcome any kind of building that human ingenuity can construct. Chicago and Boston have recently furnished illustrations of the power of great fires, and now Baltimore is added to the list. True, the fire yesterday did not compare, in extent and destructiveness, with the other two, but it was sufficiently serious, nevertheless. Ten city blocks were visited by the devouring element, and it seemed, for a while, as though a considerable portion of the city would be destroyed. As it is, valuable buildings have fallen under the power of the flames, and the loss is quite severe. Yet the energy of the Baltimore firemen, aided by citizens, was found sufficient to subdue the flames. We hardly imagine the cry against Mansard roofs will be applicable to Baltimore. Possibly wooden roofs may be found to have facilitated the speed of the flames. The truth is, the lesson of the several great fires, within a few years is, that an efficient Fire Department is of first importance. When once a fire has gained headway, it will melt stone, warp iron, and break with its force the stoutest walls. Thus the great necessity is promptness in controlling a fire when it first breaks out. Next to this should be the exchange of shingle for slate roofs. Fires are generally spread by sparks falling on the shingles, and hence the danger of inflammable roofs. We extend to the sufferers by the Baltimore fire our earnest sympathy.

THE CORRECTER CORRECTED.

The *Dispatch*, with a flourish of trumpets that would grace a better cause, undertakes to show that the city acts in bad faith in not paying the $50,000 Railroad Bonds, and in the course of its article shows an ignorance of the entire subject that may excuse what would otherwise be downright falsehoods. It publishes what it pretends to be the basis of the whole arrangement, but fails to say that the arrangement provided by its pretentious document was not the one consummated. The facts are these: An attempt was made to compromise with the four per cent. bonds of the city, but failed, and five per cent. bonds were then substituted. This was done on a basis equitable to all. What the *Dispatch* publishes is a copy of one of the four per cent. bonds. Had it sense enough to have referred to the City Controller's report last issued, page 11, it would have seen that of the 4 per cent. compromise bonds, only $386,000 worth were issued,—while of the 5 per cent. compromise bonds, $1,734,000 unregistered, and $52,500 of registered were issued. Hence, as we have several times stated, the four per cent. bonds were not acceptable to any extent, and the debt of the city on the compromise bonds is almost entirely in five per cents. That the conditions we refer to were not included in the contract or bond, is not at all strange. Our authorities for the fact are Col. William Phillips, Chairman of the Finance Committee, and the City Treasurer. What is more, the editor of the *Dispatch knows* it to be true. So much for that. For unequivocal lying, commend us to the following:

An arduous intellectual struggle with the foregoing misty paragraph leads us to believe that the GAZETTE means to say that the holders of the $1,750,000 compromise bonds have a pledge from the city that it will not pay the holders of the outstanding $50,000 of original bonds according to the terms of their contract.

The "arduous intellectual struggle" may be all right, as it doesn't require much to occasion that, on the part of the *Dispatch*, but had the struggle been a little more arduous, the fact might have been grasped, that we said, that the agreement was to give the $1,750,000 any advantages *that might be accorded any others.* Not a word was said or implied, that the city "will not pay the holders of the outstanding $50,000 of original bonds according to the terms of their contract." This is really all there is, bearing on the controversy in the *Dispatch*'s column of verbosity. It is not a new thing, in a compromise, for one or two parties, and it matters not who they are, to hold back under conditions that are designed to force the giving up of the compromise. We have not heretofore been discussing the wisdom or propriety of entering into a compromise at all. That is a separate and distinct question, which we treat of elsewhere, but our point is, that having made a compromise, the city authorities do wisely in adhering to it. If there is wrong in the affair at all, that wrong lies back of the present affair. The present difficulty stands by itself. We hold that a compromise is honorable and binding, once willingly made. As the compromise bondholders are chiefly foreigners, and as the real design of the $50,000 people is to break the existing arrangement in their interest, it is not strange that the *Dispatch* should be on their side. Anything to help those over the water to break a compromise for a dishonest penny.

THE "LEDGER" AGAIN.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* improves its tone, but not the correctness of its remarks. We have at no time held that it was a "matter of favor" that the city of Pittsburgh acknowledges any liability to its creditors. On the contrary, we have repeatedly said that the $50,000 creditors could probably recover against the city, in a suit, which we suggested they bring. If the *Ledger* will turn back over its files, it will see that it was this remark that led to its exhibition of ill temper. It then plead, substantially, that poverty prevented the bondholders from a suit, and that they were at the city's mercy. To turn around now, and accuse us of uttering a sentiment precisely contrary to what we did utter, looks like an attempt to shift from untenable ground. We have made no apology, either, for the original course of the city. We offered some facts in explanation. But we may now say, that after the creditors of the city had sold from her every particle of property represented by these bonds, it is a question in morals—as the *Ledger* intimates,—whether the original obligation holds good. A nearly parallel case would be that of a person who gives a bond and mortgage on real estate for debt. The mortgage is foreclosed, the property sold, and, under the bond, all the property of the debtor is taken. If this fails to satisfy the claim, there can be no doubt of the entire moral propriety of his compromising the remainder. To apply the case: The city, whether wisely or unwisely we do not say, entered into certain obligations with railroads. Failure followed, and all the securities held by the city, on account of those bonds, were sold, and the city was practically bankrupt. Can the *Ledger* say that it was morally or legally wrong to effect a compromise, the only feature of which was the dropping of one per cent. on interest? We cannot. Touching the non-payment of $50,000 bonds, we have repeatedly stated that the terms of the arrangement with the $1,750,000 bondholders precludes any settlement with the others, unless the same terms are granted to all. Consequently the position of the $50,000 bondholders is plain enough. They wish, in view of the compromise made, to force the city to pay their amounts in full, or rather to force the city to abandon the compromise. They would saddle the tax-payers of this city with nearly two millions extra debt, simply because they hold an advantageous position. That they are not able to bring suit is false, and that they do not, sufficiently shows their *animus.* Even with the *Ledger* aiding them in their dirty work, they will neither drive the city to a settlement, nor impair its credit.

On high moral grounds, there are two parties, aside from $50,000 bondholders, to be considered,—the compromise bondholders, and the people of this city. To pay the $50,000 bondholders, and not those having the compromise bonds, would be dishonorable and morally wrong, even were there no understanding on the subject. To force them into bringing suit, to recover additional interest, would be worse than to leave the $50,000 bondholders to take that course. On the other hand, after having effected a compromise, which was freely entered into, by so nearly the entire body of bondholders, to increase the city debt by two millions of dollars, to satisfy a few, would be a gross wrong to the people of the city. It is not to be forgotten, that the valuable property held by the city, and which would have paid the original debt, was sacrificed by certain of the original bondholders. To put additional burthens on the people would be wrong, after a compromise has been effected. Hence when we invite the $50,000 people to accept the bonds or sue, we do that which is morally right,—especially when we remember that the compounding of interest will make their revenue about equal to what their bonds will be worth, even if collected in full, when they have matured.

POLITICAL NOTES.

GOV. DIX has signed the last bill approved by him, and passed by the Legislature. He has signed 871 bills in all.

GEN. JOHN F. Miller, of Napa, Cal., is named as a candidate for United States Senator from that State. He is a native of Indiana, was formerly Collector of the Port of San Francisco, and during the war had command of the city of Nashville, Tenn., at a critical period, and a very good commander he made.

AT a farmers' meeting in Kansas, the other day, the following preamble and resolution were adopted in reference to the Congressional "back-pay grab": "Whereas, D. P. Lowe, our Congressman, supported the bill, resolved, that we demand that he resign his seat in Congress, and that his place be filled by an honest man instead of a thief."

HON. JOHN F. BEAVER, better known as "Beaver's Boots," is talked of for the Liberal Gubernatorial victim. The Indianapolis *Journal*, which, strange as it may seem, never heard of Beaver, thinks that the name "augurs well for his being an industrious candidate; besides, he would be good at damning the 'tidal wave.'" —*Cleveland Herald.*

Specific Against Sun-Stroke.

A gentleman gives the following interesting facts regarding another party who experienced the dreadful sensation of being sunstruck. Speaking of the sufferer, he says:

After suffering a long time from the attack, and having to a considerable degree recovered, he experienced suffering even from the rays of moon. This led him to the reflection that it was not altogether the heat of the sun that produced prostration. After much research, he discovered that the injury came from the chemical ray, and not from the heat ray. He was guided to this by observing the fact that a photograph could not be taken through a bottle glass. Accordingly, he lined his hat with two linings—one of orange yellow to arrest the chemical ray and one of green to arrest the heat ray. Thus prepared, he went where the rays of the sun were most intense with perfect impunity. It is well-known that the negro is seldom or never sunstruck. The color of his skin over the skull being orange yellow, may assist in accounting for the fact. I proceed upon this suggestion all last Summer, lined my hat with green and orange yellow paper, and had confidence enough in the truth of the theory to neglect my umbrella, which I had never done before. I mentioned it to many, who tried it also, and in many cases that came under my observation, they uniformly asserted that the oppressive heat of the sun upon the head was much relieved.

Young Lady Burned to Death.

Miss Mary Ryan, an admirable and respectable young lady of Ogdenburg, N. Y., called at a house recently to give music lessons, and her pupils not being at home, she proceeded down street, when a man told her her dress was on fire. Several men endeavored to strip of her clothing, which was now completely enveloped in a sheet of flames which reached three feet above her head. They procured blanket, but they could not subdue the fire until every particle of clothing was consumed. Miss Ryan walked into a house in a nude state; doctors were summoned, but in vain. The accident occurred about 4:30, and at 8 she expired. Her limbs, body, arms and face were burned to a crisp. The flesh peeled off in places. Through all she retained her senses, and conversed till a few minutes before death. She was engaged to be married to a young man who was attending the funeral of a sister, and who was summoned to her bedside, reaching it an hour before her death. The most reasonable theory in regard to the fire is that it was communicated by a cigar-stump.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

THE Fat Men's Convention is to be held at Put-in-Bay, Ohio, on the 10th of September.

A FIRE in Pawtucket, R. I., on Friday morning, destroyed property valued at $40,000.

AN exchange wonders why the college oarsmen are liable to colds. Probably on account of their stewdious habits.—*World.*

THE Warden of the Saco, Me., jail charges an admittance fee of ten cents for exhibiting Wagner, the Isle of Shoals murderer.

THE Troy *Times* says that the Shaker colony in that neighborhood is increasing in wealth every year, and shows no diminution in number.

OWING to a misplaced switch thirteen cars of a freight train were precipitated through a bridge on the Newberg branch of the Erie railroad on Friday. Nobody was hurt.

AN automatic press-feeder has at last been invented, which by the power of suction raises the paper sheet by sheet and passes it unerringly to the grippers. It will feed anything from railroad card-board to tissue paper.

THE Pope has publicly rebuked certain of the Catholic clergy who attendhd the funeral of Rattazzi, the Italian statesman: "In that act," said he, speaking of the subject, "the priests showed themselves greater courtiers than ministers of God."

GEORGE WILLIAMSON, Minister to Central America, having removed from Shreveport, La., to New York, to reside, was arrested on Thursday, to compel the payment, as is alleged, of the unpaid portion of a judgment obtained against him in 1869.

IOWA has 1,622 granges of the Patrons of Husbandry; Illinois, 486; Missouri, 376; Minnesota, 252; Nebraska, 222. The whole number of granges in the United States and Canada was 4,034 on the 11th of June last, and the total membership was 175,000.

A BOSTON dispatch says that the liabilities of H. J. Kimball, formerly of New England, who failed some time ago at Atlanta, Georgia, will amount to five million dollars. Among the creditors named is the Pittsburgh Locomotive Works and the amount is given at sixty thousand dollars.

Now that Washington's headquarters at Morristown, N. J., have been purchased and will soon be occupied by the State Historical Society why would it not be a good idea for the next Congress to purchase the home of Jefferson, at Monticello, Va., and put it to some useful and patriotic national purpose?

A SATIRICAL picture in the current *Harper's Weekly*, descriptive of the university education of the future, represents an athletic individual as a graduate, with powerful arms, standing with upraised oar, and surrounded by dumb bells, playing-cards, base ball shoes, boxing gloves, guns, fishing tackle, and various other implements of sport.

"AND the lion and the lamb shall lie down together." On the day of the recent destruction of the Jewish Synagogue in Bordeaux by fire, Cardinal Donnet sent his Vicar General to the Grand Rabbi to declare his concern for the disaster and offer assistance toward rebuilding the temple. Shortly after Protestant ecclesiastics offered the same kind offices.

THE use of dogs for the traction of vehicles used by hucksters is a notable feature of traffic in Berlin. Bakers' and grocers' wagons, milk carts, and lighter vehicles of all descriptions, are drawn by two or three dogs, harnessed like horses, or by a single dog harnessed by the side of a woman or a boy. The number of dog carts registered among the licensed conveyances of Berlin is 2,186.

THE land sales of the Union Pacific Company in June amounted to $53,000, at an average of $4 96 per acre. The total sales since the land grant mortgage are $3,171,000, at an average of $4.30 per acre, of which $1,675,000 has been applied to the purchase of the bonds, and the remainder is in land sales notes running to maturity. The unsold lands of the Company amount to 11,343,000 acres.

A NUMBER of suits are now being brought against the sons of Stephen A. Douglas to make them account for moneys which may have passed into their hands from their father's estate. The receipts from that source are largely exceeded by the boys' fiduciary claims which they hold against the estate. Distinguished lawyers insist that the one may hold against the other, and that the residue is a just cause of action.

ONE model does not serve for a whole statue. For Powers' Eve thirty models sat. The models are mainly of the peasant class, but, as was the case with "Canova," to whom, it is said, Hortense considered it an honor to sit, Powers has sent forth more than one statue in which an arm, a hand, or a foot has been modeled after that of ladies of wealth and fashion, who esteemed it an honor to sit for so great a master.

A SUFFERER wants to know how to prevent nightmare. Eat less. One supper of toasted cheese, fried oysters, pickled salmon and lobsters, has been sufficient to make us dream that six cross-eyed blacksmiths were engaged in fitting us with a red hot boiler-iron stomach, fastened by poisoned rivets, or that we were falling into a hole a thousand miles deep, with a cream-colored idiot on our backs, prodding us with a hay-fork to make us go faster.

THE New York *Times* published an article Yesterday to show that the Catholic clergy are just now making extraordinary efforts to establish sectarian schools, and notes it as part of a plan to destroy the present public school system. The chief source of the support of the public schools is the payment of ten dollars *per capita* on the whole number of children taught, and it is thought by establishing Catholic schools and attracting Catholic children, the public schools in the same district will be closed for the want of scholars and the *per capita* allowance.

THIS sad and serious obituary comes from a Philadelphia paper, where we cannot suffer it to bloom unnoticed: "Samuel was a lovely child; His temper sweet, his aspect mild, And when he breathed the vital air, He often soothed his parents' care." These qualities distinguish little Samuel—who was 13 months old—as one of the most astonishing phenomena of the age. Everybody knows how ruffianly and overbearing children of that age usually are;—what a pleasure to consider Samuel's mild aspect! Then his talents for frequently breathing the air and soothing his parents—strange child!—*N. Y. Tribune.*

ON a window sill of the Congregational parsonage at Whately, Mass., a pair of robins lately built a nest between the sash and a closed blind, the other half of the blind being open. The blind was warped and sprung away from the window toward the top. When the nest was apparently done it seemed too small, and a section of the open nest was against the glass. Another nest was built on this, and still the space seemed too small, when still a third one was built, which sufficed for a family of three. The whole structure is ten inches high, and one nest fits into another like a pile of dishes, and may be so taken out and set in.

THE total abstinence men in Great Britain must feel like uttering their substitute for the national oath when reading of the consumption of spirits in the United Kingdom during the first quarter of the present year. Duty was paid on 684,051 gallons of home-made spirits, for consumption as a beverage, more than during the corresponding period last year. England consumed 586,538 gallons, Scotland 57,423 gallons, and Ireland 139,985 more than during the corresponding months of 1872. Besides this there was an excess of 71,314 gallons of brandy imported, and of 70,029 gallons of other imported spirits not sweetened or mixed.

ROBBY SWIN, the rider of "Tom Bowling," in answer to the claim of foul riding, preferred by the owner of "Springbok," says: "I had clear daylight before me, and hadn't any object in fouling him, and had the fence all the way round and was bound to keep it. We were neck and tail. I saw Jimmy raise his whip, and my opinion is, that in trying to shift his horse's nose between me and the fence, that right there on the turn he jammed into me." McGrath, the owner of Bowling, speaking of the race and the accident, exclaimed: "I was just wild when they turned that corner, and I can't for the life of me tell how it happened, but I believe Tom would have won anything; why, there never were but two such horses as Tom Bowling and Lexington."

DISPELLING HIS GLOOM.

Advice to a Broken Hearted Young Lady.

A broken-hearted young thing writes to a weekly paper as follows: "About three years ago I became acquainted with a young gentleman; and, although he never paid me any particular attentions, he would often accompany me to and from church, &c. But lately, I noticed a great change in him. He avoids me as much as possible, and starts if I address him. Can he have ceased to love me? for I know he did, though he never said so. If I thought he had, it would break my heart." Perhaps we ought not to interfere in this matter; but, as we know exactly what should be done with the young man, we feel as if we ought to speak out. Do not attempt to reason with him or cajole him or pacify him. The next time he calls, take a monkey wrench, fasten it securely upon his nose, lead him off to the dining-room, and ask him what he means. If he won't answer, twist the wrench three or four times, and butt his head up against the stove or the mantel-piece until his gloom is dispelled. If he says he has ceased to love you, let your fingers daily with his ringlets lovingly, for a few minutes, and then suddenly lift out a couple of handfuls, and have an Irishman at hand to come in and sit on him awhile and knock out his teeth and jump up and down on him and be sociable. Then let him go, and commence your arrangements to rope in a fresh man. You cannot afford to waste your young life upon such a wretch as this; and where hearts will not throb to heart or soul respond to soul, the best thing to do is to contute the nose at once.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1852.
ASSETS January 1, 1873 - $778,351 56
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 3 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c. furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKee, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Eng.
John H. Hatfield, Solicitor.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
New stock, new goods of all kinds, Family Medicines, Drugs, Chemicals, Perfumes of every variety. All our goods are fresh and we guarantee them strictly pure and of the best quality. Please call and examine our large and well selected stock. Remember the place.
Mrs. S. A. Wanner & Co.'s Sepia, a Water Color for the Hair. Ladies and gentlemen are alike interested in their own personal appearance and adornment. Beauty will fade—the hair will turn gray, and we sometimes find ourselves approaching the "here and hollow beat" early in life. There is a dread of becoming old that cannot be overcome. Sold only in Pittsburgh, at
JAS. E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) streets.

PERSONAL.

THE Rev. Bishop Simpson is reported to be suffering from congestive malarial fever at Long Branch.

BLIND TOM, the negro pianist, owns a farm near Warrenton, Va. He will spend the summer there.

ROBERT P. MCKIBBIN, formerly of the Merchants' Hotel, Philadelphia, died at Galveston, Texas, on Tuesday last, aged thirty-eight years.

J. N. MCCULLOUGH, Esq., General Manager of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway, was registered at the St. Nicholas Hotel, New York, on Thursday last.

WHEN the Shah of Persia left England his Chalmberlain left his son under the care of Dr. L. Schmitz, to be educated at the International College at Spring Grove, near Isleworth.

A LONDON letter states that George Francis Train is laid up at Hamburg, Germany, with a fever contracted during his imprisonment in New York. His condition is said to be precarious.

VICTOR EMMANUEL, it is reported, is to be excommunicated by the next encyclical of the Pope. The Papal edict will be read in St. Peters amid the greatest solemnity; the Cathedral will be draped with black, and yellow tapers will burn on the altar.

JOHN P. HALE's surgeons have deemed it advisable to attempt to set his hip, and it is doubtful if he can recover. He suffers extreme pain and is able to lie in only one position. He had returned from a ride to Great Falls previous to the accident, and felt unusually well.

COLONEL HAY, a candidate for Parliament from a Scotch borough, recently speaking of the family of his contestant, Lord Dunglass, said: "They are the most infernal vulpicides that were ever foaled." And this Colonel Hay is an aristocrat who defames Republicanism and prates of the amenities of our political discussions.

THE deceased Prince Adalbert of Prussia, has bequeathed the whole of his private fortune, to which a handsome palace, situated at the Potsdam Gate, in Berlin, belongs, to his morganatic wife, the Baroness von Barnim, nee Eissler, who has offered to sell the same to the government, as her intention is to reside in Austria.

MRS. ELIZA ATRES, who, some time ago, gave a lot of land in Jacksonville, Ill., to the society known as "the Protestant Deaconesses,"—on which land the society built an orphan asylum, since known as the Berean College—is now crying to recover possession of the property, on the ground that there is a flaw in the legal instrument conveying it.

THE following item is given by an exchange: Edwin Booth is thirty-nine years old, Maggie Mitchell, thirty-nine, Lotta twenty-nine, L. P. Barrett thirty-five, Frank Chanfrau fifty-one, John E. Owens, fifty-four, John Brougham fifty-five, Lester Wallack fifty-three, Bouclcault, fifty-eight, Mrs. Chanfrau thirty-three, Miss Neilson thirty, Joe Jefferson forty-five, Agnes Ethel thirty-one, Clara Morris thirty, Mrs. Bowers, fifty, E. A. Sothern, forty, Janauschek forty, W. J. Florence, forty, John Collius seventy-five, Ben de Bar fifty-eight.

EX-VICE PRESIDENT COLFAX spent last Sabbath at Evanston, Indiana. He was the guest of his old friend, the Rev. George C. Noyes, the pastor of the Presbyterian Church. Saturday evening a reception was accorded to the distinguished visitor, and a large number of the foremost citizens of the place, both of ladies and gentlemen, were present. Sabbath afternoon the quarterly concert of the Presbyterian Church was held, which Mr. Colfax addressed. Mr. Colfax is now in South Bend. He starts, with his family, next week for Minnesota and Dakota, where, in company with Senator Windom, they propose to spend the summer.

Why Do Consumptives Die?
The first blow against any enemy with which we have to contend is always an important one; hence the consumptive who puts off to a distant day the necessary treatment to effect a cure, will not only lose valuable time, but will also incur the risks of a fatal termination. Yet ever since the introduction of Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure this hitherto fatal disease is shorn of more than half its terrors. The reason then why consumptives die, may be found in the fact that they do not begin the treatment early enough. The disease has oftentimes made sad ravages in the lung tissue before any treatment, suitable to a cure has been instituted, and we need not marvel, such being the case at the many fatal terminations. If you look for a cure begin in time. Do not wait until the other vital organs have felt the baneful influence of the lung malady. Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure has cured very many bad cases, and should a cure be possible will always effect it, but that does not furnish grounds for criminal neglect, when a remedy of such great power is so easily obtainable. Dr. Keyser is a regularly educated physician and has given to the world in his Lung Cure, a boon of priceless value, not only to consumption, but in a score of chronic maladies which have been the source of much individual suffering and the bane of many a household. The Doctor's treatise should be read by all. It may be had by addressing Dr. Keyser, at his principal office, 167 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. M. FABER,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

REMOVAL.
LIEBLER'S
PREMIUM
TRUNK FACTORY,
Has been removed to
113 WOOD STREET,
Directly opposite the old stand.
The largest and finest assortment of NEW GOODS in the city, at the LOWEST PRICES.
Goods slightly damaged by the late fire selling at twenty-five per cent. below cost.

JAS. M. WALKER,
372 Penn Av., Pittsburgh, Pa.
(Opposite C. & P. R. R. Freight Depot).
Manufacturers' Agent
For the sale of all goods made by
N. U. WALKER & CO.,
WELLSVILLE, OHIO.
Vitrified Stone Sewer Pipe,
VITRIFIED WATER PIPE.
Fire Brick of all shapes, Cupola and Furnace Linings, Fine Ground Fire Clay, Chimney Tops and Flues, HYDRAULIC CEMENTS and CALCINED PLASTER.
ALL TERRA COTTA WORK.
The location of the Works is near Wellsville, Ohio, on the bank of the Ohio River, and on the Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Convenient for shipping to Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Cincinnati, Louisville, and other river points, and Cleveland, Chicago and all points on the Lakes or Railroad. Orders filled promptly, from the Works or Warehouse.
JOS. SPENCER. JAS. M'KAY. ROBT. LIDDELL
Phœnix Steam Brewery,
SPENCER, McKAY & CO.,
MALSTERS AND BREWERS,
ALE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBT. WATSON, Manager.
LEATHER AND FINDINGS
JUST RECEIVED BY
GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO.,
128 SECOND AVENUE.
1,000 Sides Buenos Ayres Sole;
500 " Springfield Oak Sole;
100 doz. French Calf and Kip of the most approved Brand.
With a full assortment of Saddlers and Shoemaker's stock wholesale and retail.
Pickersgill, Lyons & Co.,
NO. 141 WOOD STREET,
Have a large assortment of CHROMOS, ENGRAVINGS, PORCELAIN PAINTINGS, and the latest novelties in
Photograph and Picture Frames
which they offer at reasonable prices.
Fine Mantel and Pier Glasses.

Use the PEERLESS WRINGER.

DRY GOODS.
CHEAP AND
DESIRABLE GOODS.
MOORHOUSE
& CARSTEN.
BLACK SILKS,
$1.25 to $4.50.
FANCY SILKS
87 1-2c to $2.00.
JAPANESE SILKS
25c to 62 1-2c.
BLACK HERNANIS
25c to $1.00.
BLACK ALPACAS,
All prices.
BLACK MOHAIRS,
All Prices.
Plain Suitings in all Colors,
20c to 50c.
With a full assortment of popular
SHAWLS,
SCARFS,
WHITE GOODS,
CASSIMERES,
LACE JACKETS.
LACE POINTS.
LACE TALMAS,
GRENADINES,
At Prices to Suit all.
Cor. 4th Avenue and Market St.
JULY SALES.
Prices Reduced
ON ALL
SUMMER GOODS.
Linen Suits, Traveling Suits, Linen Polonaise, Lawn Polonaise, Dusters, Wrappers, Swiss Polonaise, White Lawn Suits, closing out at
Very Low Prices.
Black Lace Shawls, Lace Jackets, Blue Cloth Jackets, Black Cashmere Jackets, New Neck Ruching, French Corsets, Lisle Thread Stockings, Cotton Stockings in all grades, Sashes, Belts, Neck Scarfs, Linen Handkerchiefs, Guipure Laces, Yak Laces, Fans, Fan Chains, Portmonaies, Leather Satchels, Lisle Gloves, Gauntlets, Gauze Under Vests, Linen Waists and White Lawn Waists, Infant's Robes and Sacques.
Bonnets, Hats and Flowers
At Closing Prices.
Parasols at less than cost, Mens' Socks, Shirts, Suspenders, Neck Ties, Linen Drawers, Gauze Shirts, Fine White and Fancy Shirts, Flannel Traveling Shirts at
RETAIL STORES,
Jos. Horne & Co.,
197 AND 199
PENN AVENUE.
THE GREAT
CLOSING SALE
Is still going on at
Macrum & Carlisle's
27 Fifth Avenue.
Purchasers will save 25 to 50 per cent. Fresh and desirable goods selling at first cost. Many articles at less than half price.
Stocks Must be Reduced
To make a change of firm.
See the bargains in Parasols, Fans, Belts, Scarfs, Ribbons, Embroideries, Gloves, Shirts, Underwear, &c., &c.
MWF
AVOID THE DANGER.
The general inquiry at this time, when miasmatic exhalations lead to disease and threaten an epidemic, is for a
Reliable and Perfect Disinfectant!
The one which has demonstrated its excellence in use, and which bears the endorsement of the medical fraternity is the
Carbolate Powder.
MANUFACTURED BY THE
PITTSBURGH TAR CHEMICAL WORKS,
And for sale by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists.
JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON
ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
Commission Stables
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Sewer Pipes, Chimney Flues,
AND
CHIMNEY TOPS.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
123 Second Avenue, Pittsburgh.
COAL! COAL! COAL!
Dickson, Stewart & Co.
Miners, Shippers and Dealers in
FAMILY, NUT AND BLACKSMITH
COAL.
Office and Yards—567 Liberty Street.
Particular attention given to filling orders for the above coal.
JOSEPH M. GAZZAM. ALEX. G. COCHRAN
Gazzam & Cochran,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
96 Diamond St., Pittsburgh,
Practice in all the Federal, State and County Courts. Legal business transacted and collections made in all parts of the United States through reliable correspondents.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
WM. SEMPLE
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
Ladies' Suits, At $3.00.
Ladies' Suits, At $3.50.
Ladies' Suits, At $4.00.
Ladies' Suits, At $4.50.
Ladies' Suits, At $5.00.
Ladies' Suits, At $5.50.
Ladies' Suits, At $6.00.
Ladies' Suits, At $6.50.
Ladies' Suits, At $7.00.
Ladies' Suits, At $7.50.
Ladies' Suits, At $8.00.
Ladies' Suits, At $9.00.
Ladies' Suits, At $10.00.
Ladies' Suits, At $11.00.
Ladies' Suits, At $12.00.
Great Closing-out Sale OF DRY GOODS AT A. W. ERWIN & CO.'S, 172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.
Great Closing-out Sale OF DRY GOODS AT A. W. ERWIN & CO.'S, 172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.
Great Closing-out Sale OF DRY GOODS AT A. W. ERWIN & CO.'S, 172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.
Great Closing-out Sale OF DRY GOODS AT A. W. ERWIN & CO.'S, 172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.
AT HORN
MARKET
Large Lines of New
Embroideries,
Neck Ruching,
Parasols,
Sun Umbrellas,
Gauze Underwear,
White and Percale Shirts,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
White Goods,
Victoria Lawns,
Striped, Barred and Plain Nainsooks,
Swisses, Organdies,
Men's and Boys' Straw Hats,
77 and 79 M
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
SUMMER STOCK.
LOW PRICES.
GOOD STYLES.
Mattings,
Oil Cloths,
Shades,
Stair Rods, &c.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue
CARPETS,
Oil Cloths,
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC.
HENRY McCALLUM,
51 Fifth Avenue.
OIL CLOTHS.
The Largest Stock, in all widths, of
American Manufacture
EVER OPENED IN THIS MARKET.
SPECIAL NOTE.
American Oil Cloths have long been conceded as excelling all Foreign Makes, and are EXPORTED TO ENGLAND on account of their superiority in Elegance of Finish and Beauty of Design.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.
OFFICE OF CONTROLLER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA., July 23, 1873.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 2 P. M., THURSDAY, July 31, 1873, for grading, Paving and Curbing of the following Streets:
E. Ohio street, from Preston avenue to Sandusky street.
East street, from its present terminus to Madison avenue.
Cross street, from Sarah to Charles street.
Grant alley, from Evans alley to Manhattan street.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the City Engineer.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids
JAMES BROWN, Controller.
jy26:28
OFFICE OF THE CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 23, 1873.
NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENT FOR the Grading, Paving and Curbing of RASIN STREET, from Spring Garden avenue to Main street, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, July 29, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.
jy26:28 CARLILE,
Acting City Engineer.
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 19, 1873.
NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENT FOR the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Market street from Sandusky street to Main street, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, July 29, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.
jy18-r31 W. K. CARLILE,
Acting City Engineer.
CITY EN

FINANCIAL.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.
BANKERS,
Buy and sell all kinds of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,
On Most Favorable Terms.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND
And Safe Deposit Co,
Corner 7th Avenue and Smithfield Street.
Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.
CAPITAL, - - $250,000.
Interest allowed on Deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on matur-days from 7 to 9 P. M.
ANDREW L. McFARLAND, President.
SAM'L A. LONG, Vice President and Business Manager.
DIRECTORS.
Andrew L. McFarland, W. B. Lupton,
John Thaw, Jr., J. F. Smith,
A. T. Doutbett, Jno. W. Haney,
Frank Kobne, P. B. Irwin,
Sam'l A. Long.
JOHN G. MACONNELL, Solicitor.

TRADESMENS NAT'L BANK,
Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.
Capital, - - $400,000
Accounts of Banks, Merchants and individuals solicited.
Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise refal attention to all business entrusted to our care.
A. BRADLEY, President.
WM. VANKIRK, Vice President.
CYRUS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.

FOR SALE,
CITY OF PITTSBURGH
STREET IMPROVEMENT
Seven Per Cent.
Penn Ave. Bonds
AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.
IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL, - - $200,000.
GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.
Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.
GEO. H. HILL.....C. HANSON LOVE.....JAS. N. HILL.

Geo. B. Hill & Co.,
Bankers and Brokers,
58 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
OFFER
FOR SALE
City of Pittsburgh
SEVEN PER CENT.
BONDS
At Par and Interest,
Free from Taxation.
We Buy and sell on commission all kinds of
STOCKS, BONDS, MORTGAGES,
Government Securities,
NEGOTIABLE PAPER, &C.
Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits.
Foreign Exchange by the National Line, comprising some of the largest steamships afloat, from or to
London, Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow.
DRAFTS payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.
GEO. B. HILL & Co.
DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 25, 1873.

There are no new features to mention concerning local financial affairs. Money is in abundant supply, at unchanged rates of discount, all the banks being prompt to accept all the legitimate business paper offering Money seeks first-class investment; but such borrowers are comparatively scarce at present. Our advices from all the money centres indicate that money is to be effect that that money is easy at previous rates. In Philadelphia rates may be quoted at 6 ₱ cent. on demand, and 6@8 ₱ cent. on time. The lower figure is restricted to banks, which are taking only depositors' paper as a rule. Local securities continue dull, but prices are firmly maintained.

George B. Hill & Co., Bankers, No. 58 Fourth Avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Thursday.	Friday.
Gold	115⅜	115⅜
U. S. Sixes—1881—coupons	119⅝	119⅞
5-20—1865	117	117
5-20—1865, new	117⅜	117⅜
" 1867	119	119
" 1867, new	117⅜	117½
" 1868	118⅞	118⅝
" 1868—coupons	118⅞	118⅝
10-40s—coupons	114⅜	114⅜
Currency 6's	114⅜	114⅜
New 5 per cents	115⅜	115⅝

RAILWAYS.

New York Central	104⅝	104⅞
Erie	61¼	61½
R., R. & P.		2⅞
C. C. & I. C.	32¾	33
Rs. Pref.	52	51⅜
Rs. preferred	73½	74
Michigan Southern	92½	93
Rs. Central	94	94⅛
North Western Common	101¾	102
Rock Island	110½	110⅝
Pacific Mail	38¾	38⅞
Western Union Telegraph	91⅝	91⅞
Ohio & Mississippi	29¾	29¾
Union Pacific	28½	27⅞
Toledo & Wabash	71½	72
Fort Wayne		93½
Harlem	129¾	129¾
Chicago & Alton		94
Adams Express	94	94
American Express	62¾	62¾
U. S. Express	67	68
Quicksilver		39¾

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board today:

Penna. Central	54¾	54¾
Reading	55¾	55¾
United Cos. of N. J.	122	122
Oil Creek	25¼	25¾
Lehigh Valley	60½	61
Philadelphia & Erie	24¾	24¾
Penna. Receipts	94¾	94¾
Pittsburgh 5s	72	72
Allegheny Valley 7-30	99	99
Central Transportation	47¾	47¾
Empire Transportation		58

NEW YORK, July 25, 1873.

Money was easy at 3@4 per cent. Sterling was weak at 109½ for sixty days and 110¼ for sight. Gold was more active and declined from 115¾ to 115⅝, recovering to 115⅞ at the close. Loans were 2¾@3 per cent. to-day. Clearings, $64,000,000. The Treasury disbursed $230,000. Customs receipts $200,000. Government were quiet and steady. State bonds were dull. 30-40s were act ve, with important fluctuations in some leading shares. The chief interest was in Tennessee shares—Erie, Northwest common and Pacific Mail. Western Union declined from 91¾ to 91¼, and recovered to 91⅝. Lake Shore opened at 93½, rose to 93¾, fell to 93, and the latest transaction was at 93¾; New York Central opened at 104⅛, rose to 104⅜, fell to 104⅛. Erie was quiet early in the day at 61@62, with a difference between cash and regular of 3@4 per cent., but became active at the day's hour, when a difference of 10@15 per cent. in favor of cash stock was established, the rate of cash being as high as 62, and regular to 47. Reading declined to 61¾. Lake Shore, 3,800 shares were bought in under the rate of 93. Pacific Mail, 42¾. Northwest common was quite active at 70¾, @ 71, and preferred at 84¼@84¾. Rock Island sold at 110¼. New Jersey Central, 102; vs. Paul, 34¾; do preferred, 73¾; Toledo & Wabash, 72; do preferred, 80; Fort Wayne, 93¼; Terre Haute, 15; do preferred, 30; Chicago & Alton, 108¼; do preferred 126; Ohio & Mississippi, 29½; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 85; Burlington & Quincy, 160½; Lake Shore, 95¾; Panama, 315; Illinois Central, 108; Union Pacific, 28¼; Central Pacific, 105½; Union, 91½; Delaware & Lackawanna, 100½; Hartford & Erie, 25.

LONDON, July 25—5.00 P. M.—Consols for money, 93¾@93¾; for July or Aug. 93⅞; do '57, 93¾; do '65, new 93, 90¾; Erie, 17¾. The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £19,000. The rate of discount for three months' bills in open market is ⅝ per cent. below the Bank rate.

PARIS, July 25.—Rentes 73 40c.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 25, 1873.

Trade in general merchandise continues fair, and while it is by no means active, it is all that can reasonably be expected at this particular time; there is a very good demand for all of the leading staples, and, taking everything into consideration, at very fair prices. The receipts of Grain are just about sufficient to keep up the supply, hence, there has been little or no accumulation in prices recently; the great drawback to the grain trade here, is that there is no outlet for it, and dealers can do but little beyond the city limits, they have to confine their operations to Pittsburgh almost exclusively. Grain can be had from the seaboard from the west, at about the same rate it has been charged from Pittsburgh; distances don't seem to be taken into consideration. The flour trade is moderately active, but the feeling is scarcely as firm as it was a few days ago. Sugars are in good steady demand for groceries, and refined Sugars are very firm and in light supply. Country produce is in steady demand, though as a general thing, bringing prices that should be satisfactory to sellers.

APPLES—The arrivals continue light, and as the supply is still unequal to the demand, prices are firm and tending upward; we heard of no sales above $4¼@5 ₱ bbl., but some dealers expressed the belief that they could have obtained $6 if they had asked it.

BUTTER—The market is quiet and devoid of a single new feature worthy of notice; prime to choice still quoted at 18@20c., and there is but little inquiry for any other kind.

BEANS—$2.50@3 ₱ bushel.

COUNTRY MEAT—Occational sales of Clear Sides at 7@7¼. Country Lard, 7@8.

CHEESE—The market continues firm and somewhat excited, and with a limited supply and considerable inquiry, prices are still tending upward although as compared with yesterday, there has been no quotable change; we continue to quote prime Ohio Factory at 12½@13c. in a jobbing way.

DRIED FRUIT—The demand continues light, and prices are without quotable change.

FLOUR—There is a fair local demand, but while the general tone of the market is not so strong as it was a few days ago, our advices from New York report that the export trade is not so good as it has been, while from the northwest indicates that there will be a full average crop of wheat. We continue to quote at $7@7.50 for fair to good Spring extras; $7.50@8 for choice Minnesotas, and $8@8.50 for red winter wheat.

GRAIN—As we have already noted, business is moderately active, but the demand is confined wholly to supplying immediate requirements. While in regard to prices there has been no changes whatever since the date of our last report. Red wheat continues scarce, and there is some inquiry for it, but prices are without quotable change; we quote No. 2 Spring at $1.25@1.26 and $1.28@1.60 for prime to choice. Oats in rather light supply, the receipts while for the past few days having been rather larger, but with a steady demand, prices are fully sustained, 34@34 for mixed, and 35@36 for Shelled Corn is still quoted at 53@54 on track, and 55@56 store in elevator. Ear Corn continues scarce, and there is some inquiry for it, but prices are without quotable change; we quote at 45@50c. in bulk and $1.25

HOME NEWS.

Summer Changes.

Any of our Readers who may desire to have the DAILY GAZETTE mailed to their address, out of town, during the summer months can be accommodated by leaving their names at our business office. Rate to any address for SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS a month.

Highest Average.—Of the 299 applicants for admission to the High School, Master Frank A. Kimball, of the Forbes District school, attained the highest average per centage, having been accredited 92 5-6 per cent.

Unpaid Letters, July 25.

Ellen Cook, Windsor, O., 3; John H. Chester, Philadelphia, Pa., 2; John C. Larter, Bridgeport, Pa., 3; Sandy McCormick, Salem, O., 2; P. M., Cleveland, O., 1; Mary J. Wilkinson, Eureka, O., 2.

European Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship and Telegraph Office, No. 168 Smithfield street, announces the arrival of the Norse American line steamer Kakon Adelsten at New York.

Large Terra Cotta Contract.

Jas. Reno, 41 Federal street, Allegheny, has the contract for supplying the Pennsylvania State Reform School buildings, now being erected at Morganza station, Washington county, with fire lining and hot air pipe. About 8,500 feet will be required.

Contracts Awarded.

Last evening the Allegheny Committee on Fire Engines and Hose met and awarded the contract for the new hose carriages to Messrs. Knock and Lang, of Allegheny, at $624 each. The carriages are to be completed in six weeks. The Committee instructed the Controller to advertise for 2 000 feet of new hose, and for the necessary poles for the extension of the fire alarm telegraph.

Innocent.

Some time since a man residing on Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny, laid down on the porch of another man's residence on that street, and fell asleep. While he was somnolent he was robbed of $20 and an umbrella. Last night he was found lying in the same place. An officer asked him why he lay there, when he said he was trying an experiment, to see if the thief would return and be caught.

North Side Institute.

Our friends on the "North Side," who have sons and daughters to be educated, are feeling happy since Mr. T. E. Wakeham has announced his intention of establishing a permanent institution in their city. The location is excellent, the rooms are very fine, and all the appointments will be the very best. We learn that the list of pupils is rapidly filling up. This was to be expected from the reputation Mr. W. acquired in former years. Procure a circular at once and secure places, is our advice.

Youthful Thieves Caught.

Yesterday afternoon two boys named John Mullally and El worth Willis, aged about twelve years, were arrested and taken before Alderman Thomas, charged with the burglary of the residence of Frederick de Haan, corner of Chestnut and Watson streets, reported some time ago. The boys confessed to the robbery. The articles stolen were a gold watch and chain, and eighty-seven dollars in money. The boys said they sold the watch for fifty dollars, and the money they had spent. They were sent to jail for court.

The Park Concert Programme.

Saturday evening in Allegheny is an occasion for happily combining business with pleasure. Music loving citizens, who do not forget the more practical and important consideration of the Sunday dinner, patronize the market house and the free concert, dividing their attention about equally between vegetables and the fascinating strains of the "Great Western." This evening the concert will be held in the West Park, and, of course, the audience will be immense. Prof. Weiss, leader of the Great Western Band, has prepared the following programme for this evening's entertainment:

Grand March—"Knights Templar"...W. L. Robb.
Song Medley—"Bredale"..... L. Downing.
Waltz (new)—"Under the Waltz"...C. Scribing.
Overture—"Crown Diamonds"..... Auber.
Quickstep—"Mollie Darling"...to J. Wiegand
Serenade—"Good Night, Farewell."...
..... Air by Frederick.
March (new)..... Chas. Dreizler.
American Hymn..... Air by J. H. Ross.
Gallop (new)—"The Devil's Call"... A. M. S. Bath.

CATHEDRAL VS. GRADE.

Letter in Regard to Foundation—Father Hickey's Proposition.

Father Hickey has submitted to the City Engineer a profile of Fifth avenue, showing a grade that will be acceptable to the Cathedral authorities. It contemplates raising the street one foot five inches at Smithfield street, and making a cut at Grant street of nine feet six inches at the west curb and eleven feet three inches at the east curb.

The supposition that the foundations of the Cathedral extend but nine feet below the surface of the ground appears to be incorrect. It seems that the reducing of the grade of Fifth avenue was anticipated when the Cathedral was built, and arrangements were accordingly made by building a foundation fifteen feet deep of dressed freestone. Mr. W. H. Dunn, a well-known contractor of this city, makes the following statement which he is prepared to swear to:

PITTSBURGH July 18, 1873.

To whom it may concern: I here state that some time before the laying of the foundation of the Cathedral left for Europe, I had a conversation with him relative to the cutting down of Fifth avenue and Grant street. He then told me that he had *anticipated that by building Freeport cut stone work* to the depth of *fifteen feet* below the whole of the Cathedral grade, so that in case the streets were cut down it would do no damage to the front.

WILLIAM T. DUNN.

It if be true that there is a dressed stone foundation of fifteen feet, it would be reasonable to suppose that underlying it is a rough stone foundation.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Session Yesterday Afternoon—Discussion About the Paint—Hospital Committee.

A meeting of the Board of Health was held yesterday afternoon in Municipal Hall.

The Health Officer submitted a report in regard to nuisances that had been complained of, and he was instructed by the Board to have them abated. He also stated that the city was in as good condition as in any year previous. There were places that were not in as good sanitary condition as they should be, but on the whole localities clean and free from filth and dirt seemed to be an impossibility. There are some nuisances yet in existence at the Point, but steps are being taken to have them abated. The attention of the Allegheny Wharf Committee was directed to the condition of the wharf at the Point, on which persons living in that district are accustomed to place their garbage. Complaint having been made as to the condition of Race street, the Health Officer was instructed to notify the owner to drain it, and in the event of his neglect or refusal to do so, to have it done at the cost of the owner.

Dr. McCandless moved that the Street Commissioner be requested to prepare ordinances for paving the improved streets at the Point. The reason why the work was not done long ago was owing to the fact that the Deanis would be liable under the Schenley leases.

A motion of Dr. Gross that the subject be referred to the City Attorney was carried. After further discussion by the members, the Board adjourned.

The City Hospital Committee also held another conference with the Board of Health, but their proceedings were not made public.

THE MAYOR'S ACCOUNTS.

Meeting of the Committee Yesterday Afternoon—Resolutions Adopted.

Yesterday afternoon the committee of councils appointed to examine and audit the accounts of the Mayor held a meeting in Clerk Morrow's office. The members present were chairman Jno. W. Riddell, S. P. Fulton and Mr. Finley.

The former made a statement in relation to the facts that have been published and also read the correspondence that resulted from the refusal of the Mayor to sign the subpœna that was sent to him, and the opinion of Attorney Woods sustaining him in the position he has taken. Mr. Riddell said that he had called upon Mr. Woods and had a conversation with him in regard to the matter. He stated that he informed Mr. Woods that it was very important to know what authority Councils had in such investigations, and if they had no power to require the Mayor to issue a subpœna, then it would relieve them from a great deal of work. He suggested that the difficulty might be remedied by a resolution *requesting* the Mayor to issue a subpœna.

Mr. Fulton presented the following preamble and resolutions, which were, on motion, adopted:

WHEREAS, The clerk of this committee, under instructions, has requested the Mayor to issue a subpœna for witnesses to be brought before us; and

WHEREAS, The Mayor being in doubt as to his authority to issue such subpœna, has refused to comply with the request of the clerk of this committee, therefore,

Resolved, That the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh do hereby authorize and request the Mayor to issue subpœnas, using compulsory power, if necessary, for all witnesses and for the production of such books and papers as may be proper in the judgment of the committee now investigating matters referred to it by a certain joint resolution relative to the revenue of the Mayor's office, pay of police, &c., of date June 9th, 1873, and that a certified copy of this resolution and of the resolution of June 9th be served upon the Mayor by the Sergeant-at-Arms.

Resolved, That in the event of the Mayor refusing to issue such process, that the Committee be and they are hereby authorized to take such legal steps as they may deem necessary, in the corporate name of the city, to enforce compliance with the law, and that the City Attorney be directed to co-operate in every way in such proceeding.

The above resolutions will be presented in Councils on Monday next, and Mr. Riddell requested Messrs. Fulton and Finley to see that it received proper consideration in the Common branch, and he would give it due attention in Select. The Committee then adjourned.

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It Needs No Puffing.

It must surely be a very singular and a most extraordinary article that will sell in these latter days without puffing and shoving; and yet the Weed Sewing Machine does sell, and is sought often by the community simply on its own merits, and not from any forcing process used in making sales. It has many advantages over other machines. The work done by the Weed is so well done that it advertises itself. And when one machine is sold into any section it is sure to sell a dozen others in the immediate neighborhood. Mr. F. C. Biggert, No. 116 Market street, will take pleasure in proving all that is said above.

STILL PROTESTING.

Another Meeting of Property Holders Against the Closing up of Thirty-third Street—The speeches—Penn Avenue—A Report on the Grade of Thirty-third Street—Resolutions Adopted—Councils to be Visited en Masse.

ORGANIZATION.

Last Evening the property holders of the Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Seventeenth wards held another large meeting in the Mission church on Thirty-third street, for the purpose of protesting against the closing of Thirty-third street as a thoroughfare by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company as proposed by a resolution now before Councils. The meeting was organized with the same officers as before. Mr Charles Meyran occupying the chair, and Alderman Barr, R. H. Smith, and reporters of the press acting as Secretaries.

Mr. Meyran stated that this was an adjourned meeting of property holders, who came together to protest against the closing up of Thirty-third street, and also against taking away the proposed bridge at that point by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and changing it to Thirtieth street where there was no thoroughfare.

REPORT CALLED FOR.

Mr. R. F. Howley, from the Committee on Survey and Resolutions, was called upon to make his report, but he being absent, members of Councils present were called upon to speak. No response just then was made.

The Chair then read the resolutions adopted at last meeting.

Mr. Joseph Dickson, from the Committee on Resolutions, then made a verbal report. Arrangements had been made to have them on the desk of every member of Councils at the next meeting.

REPORT ON SURVEY PRESENTED.

Mr. M. P. Howley then called upon Mr. R. F. Howley to make a report of the survey made of the street by the Civil Engineer. The report as read is as follows:

R. F. HOWLEY. Dear Sir:—At your request I have made the accompanying plan and profile of Thirty-third street, from Penn avenue to the Pennsylvania Railroad crossing. By referring to the profile you will observe that the main track of the railroad, where it crosses the western curb 43 40 feet above said curb, at its junction with the southern curb of Penn avenue, a bridge across the railroad at Thirty-third street should be eighteen feet high in the clear, exclusive of the girders or road floorings, or say

19.50 FEET FROM THE TOP

of the rail of the road to the surface of the roadway of the bridge. This added to former elevation 43 40 feet, gives a total height from the curb at the junction of Penn avenue and Thirty third street to the floor of bridge of 62.90 feet. As the railroad company own the ground on both sides of Thirty third street, from the crossing to Laurel avenue. The bridge will have to be extended and continued level to said Laurel avenue and a distance from southern curb line of Penn avenue to Laurel avenue, 640 feet, a uniform grade between those points will have an inclination of 280 feet for one hundred feet with a filling down the present north grade of Laurel avenue and Thirty third street of 19.56 feet, such a grade as the above is practicable to construct.

THE LOCATION FOR A BRIDGE

at or near Thirtieth street is in my opinion objectionable as to the grade of that point. I have reason to believe it would be steeper than that proposed at Thirty third street, and in different ways not practicable. If the accompanying plan and profile is adopted, it would avoid the raising of Penn avenue at Thirty-third street and at either side of that point, thereby saving the cost of removing a large number of costly buildings and avoiding the expense and damages resulting therefrom, and if these buildings are disturbed, the cost and inconvenience to which the property holders will be subjected; there will be a very serious matter and one which councils should give serious consideration before involving citizens in unnecessary, heavy and in some cases serious expense.

Signed,

JAMES S. DEVLIN.

A profile of the grade accompanied the report.

The report was accepted and will be placed before Councils at their meeting on Monday.

THE GRADE EXPLAINED.

Mr. Howley then explained the grade and showed its general feasibility, and the mistake that would be made in changing it.

Mr. J. W. Riddell being called upon made a few remarks pertinent to the occasion, and expressing his views.

OTHER SPEAKERS.

Prof. William R. Ford then made a few remarks against closing up the street. He said it was an injustice and would prove an incalculable injury to the small property holders who lived on it or owned houses fronting on that street. He wanted the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to be made to stick to their contract with the city.

Mr. R. H. Smith then explained his action in Councils, stating he would stand by the citizens, and he did not think he would lose by it in the end.

Mr. Dickson confirmed Mr. Smith's statement and said that Mr. Smith had acted fairly and honorably.

Mr. M. P. Howley then spoke, and complimented Mr. Smith on his action, and then went into a long dissertation on grades in general in this city, producing tables, etc. The speech was quite a lengthy one and contained considerable information.

A RESOLUTION.

Prof. Ford then offered the following resolution which was carried:

Resolved, That we again request our representatives in Councils to use every honorable endeavor to prevent the closing of Thirty-third street or the removal of the proposed bridge. Therefore, whilst we regret the absence from our meetings of the Councilmen of the Thirteenth ward who should be interested, we thank those who have met with us and aided our objects.

Alderman Barr then being called upon, made some remarks. He alluded to their movement against a mammoth corporation, and said they were moving onward and forward.

MORE RESOLUTIONS.

He then offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That we, the citizens of this district, demand and require of our Representatives in Select and Common Councils, that they, by their votes and influence, take a stand in said Councils against the vacation of 33d street, and as a consequence of such vacation, we would believe the Pennsylvania Railroad of one of her conditions entered into by article of agreement by, and between the said city of Pittsburgh and the said Pennsylvania Railroad.

After reading the resolution the speaker continued. He told shrinking members of Councils to beware how they treated the people. He said those public officials who stood by the people were invariably rewarded by the people, and those who betrayed their trust were betrayed and sold. He said he had seen a petition going the rounds of the Twelfth ward to which were appended some one hundred and thirty names. This petition was for removing the bridge to Thirtieth street. He said he would was merely a dodge of some interested parties. He then called attention to parties names being signed to it who were present at the meeting. He said these were forgeries. He then read an extract from the contract. He said the Pennsylvania Railroad Company had invalidated their contract and now they wanted the city to grant them more, and rebind the contract.

The resolution offered by the Alderman was then adopted.

Mr. Dickson then moved to adjourn, to meet again *en masse* in the chamber of Councils on Monday.

PENN AVENUE.

Mr. H. Kealy called attention to the Penn avenue grade, and moved that a committee of five on Resolutions on grade of Penn avenue be appointed. Adopted.

The following committee were appointed: George McKee, John Maguire, R. F. Howley, Wm. McCurdy, and James Carothers, and they, after deliberating a short time, reported the following:

WHEREAS, An ordinance has been presented to the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, asking for a Change of Grade on Penn avenue from Thirtieth street to the intersection of Butler street; therefore,

Resolved, That we, the property holders abutting on Penn avenue, between the above named points, do hereby enter our solemn protest in opposition to the above ordinance and change of grade.

Resolved, That we consider the present grade a good one, and with some few exceptions much better than any other grades now established on the principal thoroughfares of the city. As the grade from Thirtieth to Thirty-third street is invariably but one foot to the one hundred feet, and from Thirty third street to the intersection of Butler street is but two feet eight inches to the hundred feet.

Resolved, That the proposed Change of Grade would be detrimental to the interest of all those owning property along said line of contemplated improvement involving many of them in ruin, and will be of no direct benefit to the public at large.

Resolved, That we request all members of Councils to take all honorable means to defeat the above named ordinance, as offered your honorable bodies, inasmuch as the proposed change of grade is entirely uncalled for, and absolutely speaking, unnecessary.

After these resolutions were read and adopted, Mr. Dickson's motion in regard to meeting in the Council Chamber was adopted, after which the meeting adjourned.

POLICE PARAGRAPHS.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

ALDERMAN SMITH, of Allegheny, yesterday issued warrants for Samuel Kopp and Jacob Eckly, for deserting their families.

MATILDA BARRISON makes oath against her husband, Charles Barrison, before Alderman McMasters, charging him with desertion and abandonment. Warrant issued.

Before Alderman McMasters, yesterday, appeared George Strangs, and charged Annie Culzlett with administering to him a cathartic, and then threatening to repeat the dose if he dared to again show his face. And now George is revenged, for officer McCoy is on the "say" for Annie.

Patronize Home Manufacture.

There may be a necessity for going to a foreign market for the purchase of some articles in the furnishment of a house, but an inspection of the fine stock of goods offered by Messrs. Meyer & Son, Nos. 412 and 414 Penn street, (east of Railroad crossing) will convince the most fastidious that no such necessity exists in the furniture line. Their styles and patterns are unsurpassed by any Eastern or Western house, while for service and durability theirs is every way superior. They have all the latest inventions, which they manufacture to order.

Light Wagons.

Are you about to purchase a light wagon? If so, then you will consult your interest by buying at an establishment where a specialty is made of this class of work. Call in then at Nos. 52 and 53 West Diamond street, Allegheny, and see some of the "beauties" of wagons manufactured by Messrs. Caughey, McCalien & Co. They guarantee their work, and sell at prices to suit.

Spanish Beans,
very nice, indeed,
at BLAIR'S, 62 Fifth avenue.

The best flue lining and hot air pipe is to be had at Reno's Terracotta house, 41 Federal street, Allegheny.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Personal and Otherwise.

CAMP MEETING will commence at Tarentum, August 13th.

THE Presbyterian Church at Greensburg is making arrangements to build a parsonage.

THE Barnsville M. E. District holds its camp-meeting at Burr Mills Station, August 13th.

PREACHING in the Central United Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, to-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by the pastor.

REV. W. A. DAVIDSON will preach a sermon to young men to-morrow evening, at the Emory M. E. Church, East Liberty, of which he is pastor.

THE First Presbyterian Church of Chester, Pa., has given a call to Rev. George Robinson, now pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Lancaster, Pa.

FRANKLIN AND MARSHALL COLLEGE, Lancaster, Pa., honored Rev. George B. Russell, of this city, with the degree of D. D. It is an honor truly merited.

THE second quarterly meeting for Murrayville circuit will be held in a beautiful grove near McLaughlinsville, beginning on Wednesday evening, August 27th, and continuing over Sabbath.

REV. GEORGE D. ARCHIBALD, D. D., has declined the Professorship in Danville Theological Seminary, to which he was recently re-elected, and has accepted the Presidency of Wilson Female College, Chambersburg, Pa.

THE new M. E. Church at Georgeville, Indiana county, Pa., will be dedicated on the 17th of August. Preparatory services will be held on Friday and Saturday preceding the day of dedication. The cost of the edifice is $3,500.

ALL the Presbyterian houses of worship still remain open every Sabbath, although a number of the ministers are ruralizing and taking a brief respite from their labors, in order that they may be more able to serve their flocks, upon their return.

REV. S. B. REED, who has been absent for some time on account of ill health, has returned and will hold communion services in his church on to morrow, assisted by Rev. Cummins of Mercer. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

REV. R. A. BROWN, D. D., has received a call from the U. P. congregation in New Castle, Pa., to become their pastor. Dr. Brown had been pastor of this congregation for several years previous to accepting the Presidency of Westminster College.

REV. JOSEPH KING, pastor of the First Christian Church, corner Arch street and Montgomery avenue, Allegheny, and wife, have gone to the mountains, and are spending a few weeks at Somerset. Services in the church every Sabbath morning, but none in the evening.

TO-NIGHT (Saturday) the monthly meeting of the Y. M. C. A. will be held at their rooms. Interesting reports from the International Convention, lately held at Louisville, Ky., will be given by the delegates who were present at the Convention. The public are cordially invited.

A MOVEMENT is on foot to erect a monument over the remains of Rev. John William Weber, the first Reformed minister that crossed the Allegheny mountains, near Greensburg, Pa. When he entered Pittsburgh it did not contain a score of buildings. He has been dead fifty years.

THE West Pittsburgh District of the M. E. Church held their annual camp-meeting at Georgetown, commencing August 20th. A meeting for the selection of sites will be held August 19th, on the camp ground. The South Pittsburgh District will hold their's at Bentleyville, commencing August 29th.

THE reopening of the M. E. Church at Greenock took place July 13th. Dr. J. Horner preached at 10½ A. M. and at 3 P. M., and Rev. D. A. McCready at 7½ P. M. The amount asked for was $350. At the morning service it was all secured but $75, and in the evening all was secured, and a few dollars over.

A LITTLE hand-book published by the Central Presbyterian church, of Allegheny, shows that the present membership is three hundred and ten. The number in the church Sabbath School is one hundred and fifty, and in the Mission School two hundred and fifty. This church is in a highly prosperous condition, and the labors of the pastor, Rev. W. H. Gill, have been greatly blessed.

THE New Castle District Camp-meeting of the M. E Church will be held August 21st, on the farm of George H. Wilson, Mercer county, Pa., one mile and a half west of Hillbrook, three miles from Pardo station, on the Shenango and Allegheny Railroad; and eight miles from Sencca Lake, on the Jamestown and Franklin Railroad, at which points there will be hacks and wagons in readiness to carry passengers and baggage to the grounds.

THE fourth annual picnic of the Reformed Presbyterian Sabbath school and congregation of Eighth street, of which Rev. A. M. Milligan is pastor, was held on Thursday, the 24th inst., Barckley's Grove. The day was charming and the attendance large, numbering about three hundred. The young people enjoyed themselves with croquet, base ball, foot ball, music, and all manner of enjoyable plays. The company dispersed about seven o'clock, after a day of rare enjoyment and good feeling, without a single accident occurring, so far as we could learn.

LIST OF U. S. PATENTS.

ISSUED TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA, FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY, JULY 8, 1873, AND BEARING THAT DATE, REPORTED WEEKLY FOR THE "GAZETTE" FROM THE OFFICE OF MESSRS. HILL & ELLSWORTH, NO. 771 G STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., SOLICITORS OF PATENTS AND COUNSELLORS IN PATENT CASES, FROM WHOM ALL INFORMATION REGARDING PATENTS CAN BE OBTAINED.

140,579. Egg Carrier—George M. Huston, Zanesville, Ohio. Case A. Application filed October 17, 1872.

140,594. Device for Preventing Cows from Kicking—Henry J. Sadler and Solomon H. Spencer, Mecca, Ohio. Application filed April 30, 1873.

140,609. Needle Cushion—Washington H. Bixler, Easton, Pa. Application filed April 15, 1873.

140,610. Letter file and Binder—Eckford Buell and John W. Lilley, Columbus, Ohio, assignors to Louis Siebert and John W. Lilley, same place. Application filed February 27, 1873.

149,617. Padlock—Henry E. ex, Meadville, Pa. Application filed May 3, 1873.

140,639. Mail Bag Fastening—John A. Paul, Huntingdon, Pa., assignor of one half his right to Andrew B. Brumbaugh, same place. Application filed January 21, 1873.

140,643. Pump—Charlie D. Rathbone, Belpre, Ohio. Application filed November 16, 1872.

140,648. Seed Planter—William J. Sefferey, Bremen, Ohio. Application filed March 15, 1873.

140,657. Sewing Machine—Harry M. Stow, Milan, Ohio. Application filed April 23, 1873. The bar to which the saw is attached is suspended and reciprocates in two vertically-adjustable guides.

140,673. Manufacture of Steel for Boiler Plates, &c.—Ogden Bolton, Jr., Chartiers township, and John Pedder, Pittsburgh, Pa. Application filed April 16, 1873.

140,676. Fifth Wheel for Vehicles—George Asa Brice, Townville, Pa. Application filed February 1, 1873. The quadrant-plate and the anchor-plate are intended to be used in place of a head block.

140,591. Knitting Machine—Samuel V. Esick, Alliance, assignor of two-thirds his right to George W. Raff, Canton, and Henry C. Hedges, Massillon, Ohio. Application filed November 14, 1872.

140.692. Apparatus for Raising Oil, &c., from Wells—Hiram W. Faucett, Titusville, Pa. Application filed May 1, 1873.

140,715. Plow—Wm. Lahman, Wellsville, Ohio. Application filed April 3, 1873.

140,717. Drop Hammer—James McGeorge, Bellaire, Ohio. Application filed October 28, 1872.

140,728. Grave Guard—Amos Rank, Salem, Ohio. Application filed September 12, 1872.

Removal—New Stock.

Mr. Carl Retter, the well-known musician, has removed his headquarters from Allegheny to No. 29 Fifth avenue, where his old friends will find him with a fresh stock of instruments and musical goods. He pays especial attention now to the sale of the Albrecht pianos, and being an expert himself, knows how to speak to them when he claims superiority for this instrument over others for fullness, clearness and purity of tone. He will demonstrate to all who need a piano and will call at his parlors, No. 29 Fifth avenue, upstairs. Another advantage in purchasing from him is, that he can select the instrument for the purpose designed for a large or small parlor, or hall—an advantage which purchasers will appreciate when they come to choose.

"Not Now as it Used to Was."

The time was, when it required a half day to purchase a suit of ready made clothing, but since time is money people have come to the conclusion that they will make their purchases where the one price system is in force, and consequently the Boston One Price Clothing Store, No. 95 Smithfield street, is selling more clothing than any three of those houses that still pursue the "dicker" system. Drop in and see how soon and how cheap you can buy a nice suit.

Secure Your Windows.

Go to the office of the Anderson Sash Balance and examine this useful invention. Its superiority over all other styles of weights and balances, will become apparent on a few minutes examination. Do not suffer the torment and annoyance of old plans and systems, because you may be prejudiced against new fangled arrangements. Therefore examine this Sash Balance impartially and you will pronounce it a most useful invention and one of the wonders of the age.

An Honest Repairing Establishment.

How often, in having an article repaired, does it happen that the work is so bungled that in a very short time a second break occurs, worse than the first. And especially is this so in the case of a carriage or buggy; but if repairing in this line be entrusted to Messrs. Caughey, McCallen & Co., Nos. 52 and 53 West Diamond street, Allegheny, it will be done with the utmost care and in the most durable manner. Their charges are reasonable.

Watches, Chains, Diamond Rings, Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Spectacles, Barometers, Thermometers, &c. Always a full line at the popular Jewelry House of Geo. Crawford & Co., No. 76 Fifth avenue.

Vanilla, Chocolate, Strawberry, } Ice Cream, At BLAIR'S, 62 Fifth avenue.

Blair's Ice Cream
is of all flavors,
and the best and most
delicious in the city.
Stop at 62 and try it.

Spanish Beans,
Fresh Almonds,
English Walnuts,
All the choice Nuts, at
BLAIR'S, 62 Fifth avenue.

Fresh Candies
Manufactured daily at
BLAIR'S, 62 Fifth avenue.

Dr. Harris' Summer Cordial is warranted to cure Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Sick Stomach, and Cholera.

THE WYCKOFF PAVEMENT.

Additional Testimonials of Its Value.

We have not had the pleasure of examining, directly, the merits of the Wyckoff pavement, but those who have, speak of it in the highest terms. Many of these are persons particularly qualified to judge of the merits of the Pavement, —and these give it the precedence over all others, as to value, and thorough adaptation to cities in which there is a large amount of hauling. We present below an additional list of testimonials, equally clear and direct, with those previously published. They are worthy the careful perusal of those who have an interest in this subject:

PITTSBURGH, June 27, 1873.

C. M. CINNAMON, who being sworn, says: That deponent is engaged in the business of putting down wooden pavements, and has had six years' experience; that he assisted to put down a Wyckoff Wooden Pavement six years ago in Elmira, New York.

That deponent saw and examined said pavement about three months ago, and it is yet in good, sound condition and free from decay.

Since the Wyckoff has been introduced there it has superseded all other wood pavements; and my experience has led me to the opinion that the Wyckoff is the best wooden pavement now in use. It is smooth, but not slippery, strong and well combined, as each block supports the other. It is durable, more so than the Nicolson, for in 1868 Water street, in Elmira, was paved part with Nicolson and part with Wyckoff, and the Nicolson has to be repaved this year, while the Wyckoff is still sound and good. I saw blocks taken up last year in putting in gas pipe and the blocks were as hard and sound as they were the day they were put in. Last Fall I put in a sewer along a plank road, made of Hemlock, which had been down thirteen years; and we found the plank and stringers as sound as the day they were put in.

C. M. CINNAMON.

Sworn to and subscribed the 27th day of June, 1873, before me.

SAMUEL MCMASTERS, Alderman.

Also, G. M. Clarke, who being sworn, says: I am engaged in the business of putting down wooden pavement. In Elmira all the streets are paved with Wyckoff, except part of Lake, Water and Baldwin streets, which are paved with Nicolson, and the Wyckoff adjoins two of them. The experiment has fully proven that the Wyckoff is the best. The first Wyckoff, to the best of my recollection, was put down in 1867, and it is good and sound yet, and there never has been any repairs upon it. I saw it and examined it on the 2d day of April last, and have driven over it about every day before I came here to Pittsburgh, on the 20th of April last, 1873.

I believe the Wyckoff is the best wood pavement in existence. Such is the result of my observation and experience acquired in my business.

The cement used preserves the wood and makes it water proof, and prevents the decay. It is the strongest and most compact wood pavement in use. All the Wyckoff pavement laid in Elmira is hemlock. G. M. CLARKE.

Sworn to and subscribed the 27th June, 1873, before me.

SAMUEL MCMASTERS, Alderman.

Also, B. T. Johnston, who being duly sworn doth depose and say, that he is Contractor by occupation, and has had experience in the construction of wooden pavements; that deponent put down Nicolson and Wyckoff Pavements in the city of Elmira and also in Towanda, Pa., and Buffalo, N. Y.; that he put down Wyckoff Pavement on Baldwin street, Elmira, four years ago, and it is now in good, sound condition, and not one dollar has ever been expended on it for repairs; that there is a large quantity of said pavement down in said city it was laid down six years ago, and it is still sound and good, and not one dollar's worth of repairs has ever been expended upon it or required. Since the Wyckoff has been introduced it has superceded all other wooden pavements in said city. The Wyckoff put down by me in Buffalo, Towando and Elmira gave general satisfaction. It is strong, smooth (and not slippery) and durable, and is in my judgment and experience the best Wooden Pavement now in use.

B. T. JOHNSTON.

Sworn to and subscribed before me the 27th June, A. D. 1873.

SAMUEL MCMASTERS, Alderman.

Also, personally appeared Michael Rodgers, who, being duly sworn, doth depose and say, that he resides on Main street, Thirty-sixth ward, city of Pittsburgh; that the contract was awarded for paving said street, I was favorable to the Miller Pavement, but since I have seen the Wyckoff tested, I have entirely changed my mind. There is immense and continuous heavy hauling on said street, wagons, carts, coke, glass teams, et cetera, are constantly traveling over it, and they make no visible impression upon it. It is smooth, strong and substantial, and makes no jar. I like it better now than any pavement that I have seen.

MICHAEL RODGERS.

Sworn to and subscribed this the 27th day of June, A. D. 1873.

SAMUEL MCMASTERS, Alderman.

No. 62.

The pride of the avenue, is the place to procure Refreshments of all kinds.

Crosse & Blackwell's
Raspberry Vinegar,
Superior to any in the market,
Tarragon Vinegar,
Coxe's Gelatin Jelly,
Deviled Meats for Lunch,
Potted Poultry,
Crosse & Blackwell's English Pickles,
Mushroom Catsup,
Walnut Catsup,
Spiced Salmon, Fresh Mackerel,
French Mustard, Imported,
English Mustard, Imported,
Boneless Sardines,
Anchovies, in small barrels, at
BLAIR'S,
62 Fifth avenue.

Music Hath Charms,

but give ear and we will tell you of charms far surpassing those of music. Concert to-night in the West Park, Allegheny. Well, this will be a rich treat, but there is a far richer treat than this before for those who will call at Mr. A. Rhodes' Ice Cream Parlor, No. 287 Western avenue. Here are some of his rich delicacies. Of creams he has Vanilla, Chocolate, Pistachio, Lemon, Bisque and Strawberry. And then his cooling beverages, such as Orange, Lemon and Raspberry Ices, and Fresh Peaches. Now How can you visit the park and deny yourselves the luxury of a visit to 287 Western avenue.

Fashionable Houses.

There is fashion in architecture as well as in dress, and the public at large is always on the lookout for anything that will make the house more complete. This accounts for the sudden and increasing popularity of the orders for sash balances, which are fashionable the house is now erected. It is the great invention of the age, which is attested from the fact that thousands of houses have already been supplied with it, and the demand keeps yet abreast of the largest supply. Before building look at the Anderson, No. 70 Smithfield street.

Fine Furniture.

Among the many furniture establishments of the two cities, none are possessed of better facilities for supplying a really excellent article of furniture than Messrs. J. W. Dryden & Co., 182 Federal street, Allegheny. The unusual variety and completeness of their furniture manufactured at this establishment gives it a front rank among furniture houses. All the goods, from the common to the elaborate, aristocratic, are furnished at prices which defy competition. They are determined not to be undersold and not to be excelled in quality.

The Place to Buy Jewelry.

Messrs. George Crawford & Co., successors to W. G. Dunseath, No. 76 Fifth avenue, have received a new and magnificent assortment of gold and silver watches, chains, diamond rings and pins, solid silver and plated ware, &c., which they are offering at prices very low, considering the excellent quality of the goods. We are pleased to learn that the firm is doing an extensive business, and we hail the gratifying fact with pleasure. Call and see their stock.

DIED.

KAISER—On Friday, July 25th, at 1 o'clock P. M., HERRETTA CATHARINE, eldest daughter of John and Adolphina Kaiser, aged 6 years and 6 months.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of the parents, No. 166 Smithfield street, on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock, to proceed to German Lutheran Cemetery. Free Hill.

BELL—Friday, July 25, at 12:20 P. M., at the residence of his brother-in-law, Joseph Huston, 521 Liberty street, JAMES BELL, late of Dromore, County Down, Ireland.

The funeral will take place on SUNDAY AFTERNOON at 2 P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SCOTT—On Thursday, July 24th, 1873, at 11 P. M., MARY J., wife of James D. Scott, in the 42d year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 113 Grant avenue, THIS AFTERNOON, July 26th, at 2 P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Mercy to Earth,
Hopey in heaven.

CRAWFORD—On Friday morning, July 25, 1873, JANE DICKEY, wife of Robert Crawford, in the 57th year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, Hiland avenue, Manchester, on SUNDAY, 27th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M. Carriages will leave the office of Joseph Myers & Son, 412 Penn avenue, at 1 o'clock P. M.

WATSON—On Friday morning, the 25th inst., at 8 o'clock, JOHN T. WATSON, in the 28th year of his age.

His funeral will take place from the residence of his father, No. 104 Washington street, Pittsburgh, on SUNDAY, July 27, at 2 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

ERKIN—On Friday morning, July 25th, 1873, at 5 o'clock, MISS SUSAN ERKIN.

Funeral from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Geo. Reis, No. 99 Liberty street